The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,274.—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1875.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 67
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These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy..... 4 As.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
Third do.	„ 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½ As.

a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time a special contract may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found, &c., &c.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1 0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic Occurrences: Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LONDON FROM KURRACHEE, CALLING AT ADEN, HODEIDA, JEDDAH, ALGIERS, AND LISBON.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), will despatch the S.S. "JAVA," 1,464 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. E. Wynne's, as above from Kurrachee on THURSDAY, the 26th August. Cargo and Passengers can be booked from Bombay and all the Ports at which the Company's Steamers touch.

The Java is fitted in the usual style of the Company's Vessels, and has excellent accommodation for 24 First-class Passengers and 16 Second-class.

The Kurrachee Steamers leaving Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 18th August, and on SATURDAY, the 21st idem, with Cargo and Passengers, will be in time for her at Kurrachee.

For Freight or Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 28th July 1875.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo, every week.

The S. S. MADURA, 1,941 Tons, 300 H. P., Commander J. R. Gavin, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 19th August 1875, at 4 P.M.

August 1875.		Sept. 1875.	
Leaves BOMBAY	19	Leaves Madras	3
„ Carwar	21	„ Masulipatam	4
„ Narakel	23	„ Coconada	5
„ Alleppey	25	„ Vizagapatam	6
„ Tuticorin	27	„ Bimlipatam	6
„ Colombo	28	„ Gopalpore	7
„ Negapatam	31	„ False Point	8
„ Pondicherry	Sept. 1	Arrives CALCUTTA	10

Weather permitting, the Steamer will call at Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore and Cochin.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked by the Steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Messageries Maritime Company's Steamers, which run regularly.

Also for Batavia, Sourabaya, Tjilatjap, Palembang, Pontianak, Atcheen, Padang and Moluccos Islands, to go forward by the Messageries Maritime and Netherlands India S. N. Companies.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every week to the Persian Gulf, touching at KURRACHEE, GUADUR, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN, and MAHOMERAH.

The S. S. INDIA, 1,080 Tons, 142 H. P., Commander J. Henderson, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 18th August 1875, at 4 P.M.

August 1875.		Sept. 1875.	
Leaves BOMBAY	18	Leaves BUSREH	6
„ Kurrachee	22	„ Mahomerah	6
„ Gwadur	24	„ Fao	6
„ Jask	26	„ Bushire	7
„ Bunder Abbas	27	„ Linga	12
„ Linga	29	„ Bunder Abbas	14
„ Bushire	31	„ Muscat	14
„ Fao	Sept. 2	„ Kurrachee	21
„ Mahomerah	2	Arrive BOMBAY	21
„ Busreh	Arrive 3		

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

TEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the weekly service from England, will during the Monsoon, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every SATURDAY, at 4 P.M., and as Extra Steamer on every WEDNESDAY at 2 P.M.

The S.S. KURRACHEE, 310 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. Avery, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 14th August 1875, at 2 P.M.

The S.S. INDIA, 1,080 Tons, 142 H. P., Commander J. Henderson, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 18th August 1875, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY GENOA, and on the 1st on the 24th, of each month.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Including Wines & Food
Suez	36	22	8	
Port Said	38	24	9	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	35	14-10	

Children under 2 years, free of charge. Children not above 10 years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

ASSYRIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st September, 1875.
SUMATRA, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st October, 1875.
INDIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st November, 1875.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second-Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

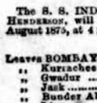
C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 1st January 1875.

ANCHOR LINE.

LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON 30TH AUGUST.



THE Fine Full-powered Steamer 'INDIA, 2,289 Tons, 500 H. P. nominal, Captain Haans, will be despatched for LIVERPOOL positively on the 30th August. This Steamer has very superior First Class accommodation with large and well ventilated Saloon and Cabins, and is fitted with every comfort and convenience for Passengers from India. There is also exceptionally good Second Class accommodation.

The INDIA may be depended upon to make a good passage home, and presents an exceptionally favourable opportunity for intending passengers.

The steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

FARES.	1st Class.	2nd Class.
LIVERPOOL	Rs. 500	Rs. 300
SUEZ	„ 350	„ 200

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 16th August 1875.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:

Vessels.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	August.
HYDASPES	D Bennoldson	2984	450	14th—Southampton.
AVOCA	J. H. Torbock	1482	250	20th—Suez, &c.
PEKIN	W. Wolcott	3777	600	27th—Southampton.
				Sept.
THIBET	C. H. Eastley	2593	400	3rd—Suez, &c.
MIRZAPORE	A. Parish	3763	600	10th—Southampton.
TEHERAN	A. H. Johnson	2333	400	17th—Suez, &c.
KHEDIVE	J. D. Steward	3742	600	24th—Southampton.

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 12th August 1876.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On Monday, the 23rd August 1875, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S. S. GEELONG, (1,884 tons, and 250 H. P.), Captain C. Fraser, will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not indorsed at the Company's Office before noon, on Friday, 20th August 1875.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 12th August, 1875.

ANCHOR LINE.

MONTHLY SAILINGS BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL as undermentioned, and will be despatched from Bombay for Liverpool on or about the dates mentioned. A fortnight's notice will be given of the exact day of sailing.

	From GLASGOW, Saturday.	LIVERPOOL, Saturday.	BOMBAY, Friday, 20th Aug. Wednesday, 15th Sept.
INDIA	...	...	
MACEDONIA	...	...	
TRINACRIA	7th Aug.	14th Aug.	6th Oct
EUROPA	11th Sept.	18th Sept.	10th Nov.
INDIA	9th Oct.	16th Oct.	8th Dec.
MACEDONIA	6th Nov.	13th Nov.	29th Dec.

If inducement offers more frequent sailings will be arranged. All the Steamers of this Line carry a Surgeon and Stewardess, and have superior First Class accommodation fitted with every convenience. They have also exceptions ly good Second Class accommodation.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Transatlantic service.

Fares from Bombay to Liverpool.		Suez.
FIRST CLASS	Rs. 500	Rs. 350
SECOND CLASS	„ 300	„ 200

A reduction of 15 per cent will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamer within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 4th August 1875.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The Bombay Gazette Overland Summary, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY,

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1867 and 1874 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1867 and 1874 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and of arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week

Annual Subscription in advance.....Rs. 10
Single Copy..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.—The SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company, (for receiving the Balance Sheet and other Business) will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Apollo House, Apollo Street, Fombay, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of August 1875, at 3 o'clock P.M.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 31st July to the 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
C. E. MITCHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 30th July 1875.

NOTICE.—RANGOON Mmunicipality.—SEALED TENDERS are INVITED for the SUPPLY of Twenty-thousand Tons of 4,00,000 cubic feet of RUBBLE or BALLAST STONE (Bombay Trap being preferred or Stone of equal quality) for Road Metal.

Delivery to be taken in boats at the ship's side. Tenders to state clearly the price per ton of 20 cubic feet.

Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock Noon on the 15th November 1875.

By Order,
O. D. CLARK,
Executive Engineer, Rangoon Municipality.

Rangoon, the 9th August 1875.

THE OOMERACTTEE COTTON MILLS, LIMITED.—In pursuance of a REQUISITION bearing date the 7th day of August 1875, and SIGNED by DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT, Esq., and 14 other Shareholders holding in the aggregate 102 Shares, An EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at No. 5, Rampart Row, on MONDAY, the 23rd August next, at four o'clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of considering the following Resolutions contained in the said Requisition:—

1. That the Oomeraottee Cotton Mills, Limited, be wound up voluntarily.

2. That a Liquidator or Liquidators be appointed to carry out the Liquidation of the Company with the powers provided for by Act X. of 1866.

3. That the remuneration of the Liquidator or Liquidators be fixed at a commission of 2½ per cent. upon the Assets of the Company realised and distributed.

4. That the Liquidator or Liquidators be authorised to pay to the Agent from the Assets of the Company such a sum of money as shall be fixed by the Shareholders at the said Meeting as compensation for the loss of his appointment and in full satisfaction of all claims in respect hereof.

By Order of the Directors,
CAWASJEE JEHANGEER JUSSAWALLA,
Agent.

5, Rampart Row, 11th August 1875.

COOPER & COMPANY,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWS AGENTS,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Nautical Almanac for 1876	2 0
Akim Foo, the History of a Failure; by Major W. F. Butler	8 12
Under the Grand Old Hills; by R. M. Kettle	3 12
A Rose in June; by Mrs. Oliphant	3 4
Insectivorous Plants; by C. Darwin	8 12
Tennyson's Queen Mary	3 12
Life and Vital Action in Health and Disease; by L. S. Beale	3 4
Surgeon's Pocket Book; by Surgeon Major J. H. Porter	4 12
Braithwaite's Half Yearly Retrospect of Medicine, January-June	4 0
Hide and Seek; by Wilkie Collins	3 12
The Dead Secret do. do.	3 12
The Frozen Deep do. do.	3 12
Life and Growth of Language; by W. D. Whitney	3 4
Letters from China and Japan; by L. D. S.	4 12
Bradshaw's Continental Guide for July, 1875	2 4
Whitehurst's Private Diary, during the siege of Paris, 2 Vols	15 12
What we saw in Australia; by R. and F. Hill	6 12
Gleanings for the Curious; by C. C. Bombaugh	7 8
The Last Life of Syria; by Mrs. R. Burton. Vols. 2	15 0
Dissertations and Discussions; by J. S. Mill. Vol. IV	6 12
The Parisians; by Lord Lytton. Vols. 2	4 12
How I spent my two years' leave; by an Indian Officer	7 8
Preludes; by A. C. Thompson	4 12
Last Letters from Egypt; by Lady Duff Gordon	3 12
The Moonstone; by Wilkie Collins	3 12
The New Magdalen; by do. do.	3 12
The Better Self; by H. Friswell	3 12
Patricia Kemball; by E. L. Linton	3 4
The Outcast; by K. Reade	3 12
We and Our Neighbours; by H. Beecher Stowe	3 12
Constance Sherwood; by Lady Georgiana Fullerton	3 12
Ekbig: a Lowland Sketch	3 12
Wonderful World	2 8
Student's Austin's Jurisprudence	7 8
Half a dozen Daughters; by J. Masterman	2 4
Ninety Three; by Victor Hugo	3 12
Oriental Zigzag; by Charles Hamilton	7 8
Harry Heathcote of Gangoil; by Anthony Trollope	3 4
Physical Geography for India; by H. F. Blandford	3 4
Statesman's Year Book for 1875	6 12
Ade ck's Engineer's Pocket Book for 1875	3 12
Essex's Cremation of the Dead	3 8
Norchoff's Communistic Societies of the United States	9 8
Coleridge's Face of Carlyon and other stories	3 4
The Physics and Philosophy of the Senses; by R. S. Wyld	10 12
Ashes to Ashes; by H. R. Haweis	3 4
Therapeutics, Means for the Relief of Pain; by Spender	5 8
English Men of Science; by Francis Galton	5 8
Life of the Prince Consort; by Theodore Martin. Vol. I	11 4
Lives of the Engineers; by Samuel Smile. Vols. 5	23 8
Pathological Anatomy, of the Nervous Centres; by Dr. E. L. Fox	8 0

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ready for Sale.

THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF,

In neat Pamphlet form, 8vo. Demy, 25 pp.

(Revised and corrected from the latest Gazette of India.)

Price—Annas Four.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PRESS READER (SECOND) WANTED.—Apply personally to the MANAGER of this Paper.

NOTICE.—The PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT will be CLOSED on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 16th and 17th instant.

A. R. GORDON,
Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency.

Bombay, 13th August 1875.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN) SPINNING and WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.—NOTICE is hereby given, that a CALL of Rs. 250 per share has been made by the Directors payable at the Registered Office of the Company, in Elphinstone Circle, on or before MONDAY, the 13th day of September 1875.

W. NICOL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 12th August 1875.

THE Undersigned have received, Ex S. S. KHEDIVE, a small parcel of BASS'S BEER in Pints, bottled by their London Firm.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

Bombay, 13th August 1875.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

SLIPS ON THE BHORE GHAUT.

NOTICE is hereby given that in consequence of Slips on the Bhore Ghaut, the Train which leaves Bombay daily at 6-50 A.M., and is due in Poona at 3 P.M., and the Train from Poona at 9 A.M., due in Bombay at 5 P.M., will not run between Khandala and Karjat until further notice.

Tickets, &c. will be issued by those Trains between Bombay and Karjat, and between Poona and Khandala only.

The other Trains by which Passengers are carried will run as usual in accordance with the published Time Tables, through Tickets, &c. being issued. But Passengers will have to walk across the break caus d by the Slips as at present; every effort being made, and every assistance given, to make this as little inconvenient as possible.

And until further notice, Fruit, Vegetables, and Perishables as well as Horses, Carriages, and Goods will not be accepted for conveyance over the Bhore Ghaut, being booked only to Karjat on the one side and to Khandala on the other side.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 13th August 1875.

THE BHOWNUGGUR MILLS and PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.—The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st of August 1875, at the registered Office of the Company, at 3 o'clock P. M., to transact the following Business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1874.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 21st August 1875, both days inclusive.

An EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st August 1875, at the Registered Office of the Company, at 4 o'clock P. M., when there will be submitted to the Shareholders the "Special Resolution" already circulated among them.

By Order of the Directors,
FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

THE CITY BANK, LONDON, ENGLAND.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, A.D. 1855.

HEAD OFFICE:
(Corner of Finch Lane), Threadneedle Street.

BRANCH OFFICES:
No. 34, Old Bond Street.
Nos. 219 and 221, Edgware Road.
Nos. 159 and 160, Tottenham Court Road.
Nos. 61 and 63, Ludgate Hill.
No. 7, Lowndes Terrace, Knightsbridge.

DIRECTORS:

John Jones, Esq., Chairman.

Henry John Atkinson, Esq.	William Macnaughtan, Esq.
Henry Vigurs East, Esq.	Joaquim de Mancha, Esq.
Samuel Joshua, Esq.	William Simpson, Esq.
Andrew Lawrie, Esq.	James E. Vanner, Esq.
Robert Lloyd, Esq.	George Young, Esq.
Wm. McArthur, Esq., Ald., M.P.	

Manager:—Alfred George Kennedy.
Secretary:—C. J. Worth.

ACCOUNTS opened with approved Indian and other Foreign Firms or Banks, at such moderate rates of Commission as shall be considered consistent with sound mutual advantage. The Interest upon such accounts is calculated at current rates on daily balances, and is made up on the 30th June and 31st December in each year.

Demand Cheques and Exchange honored against approved previous or simultaneous Remittances. Credits opened against First-class Securities negotiable in London. Mercantile and Marginal Credits are issued, as also Letters of Credit upon any leading Commercial City, and every description of general Banking Business transacted. The Officers and Clerks of the Bank are pledged not to disclose the transactions of any of its Customers.

London, 20th July 1875.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.—HIGH COURT.

Suit No. 396 of 1874.

MOHAMUD CASSUM bin HAJEE ABDOOLLA, of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at No. 32, Jail Road near Baboolla Tank, outside the Fort, in the Island of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

versus

ABDOOL KHALLICK bin HAJEE ABDOOL RUSSOOL CAZARANEE, formerly of Bombay, Mogul inhabitant, and residing at Mody Khana Street, within the Fort of Bombay, but now residing at Bankok, in Kingdom of Siam, and carrying on his business through Messrs. COHEN and Co., his Agents in Bombay, in Oak Lane Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

It is hereby proclaimed and notified that on TUESDAY, the 14th day of September next, at 6 o'clock in the Afternoon (under and by virtue of a Warrant for Sale of Immoveable Property, issued on the 11th day of August, instant, in the above Suit) will be put up for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises mentioned and mentioned IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY of the above-named Defendant.

All that piece or parcel of Land or Ground with the Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort Wall of Bombay, in Mahim Road, assessed under No. 22, and bounded as follows:—North by the property of the late Morwanjee Heerjeebhoy Wadia, on the South and East respectively by the property of the late Dhunjeebhoy Rustomjee Wadia, and on the West by the said public road leading to Mahim and containing by admeasurement about 8,414 square yards, together with Gardens, Outhouses, Trees, or other appurtenances thereto. It was ordered that the Defendant do pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rupees One Thousand and Seventy-four and Annas Twelve for debt and interest, and the costs of this Suit when taxed and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the amount of judgment from the date of the said Decree until payment.

The sale will extend only to the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Defendant in the above specified property.

25 per cent. Deposit money to be paid at the time of sale.

For further information apply at the Office of the sheriff of Bombay.

NANA MOROJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, Sheriff's Office, 13th August 1875.

Mr. MIRZA HOOSSIN KHAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

LESSONS in FRENCH and GERMAN, successfully given by Rev. A. BOURQUIN. High references. Address Rev. D. MACPHERSON, Marine Lines.

WANTED BY A LADY, teaching in a Native Family, in Music, Singing, Drawing, Fancy Needlework, and the usual branches of an English education. Apply to "L.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE—Just received a fresh Consignment from Bordeaux of Brandy, Sauterne, and Claret, by Blanchy Frères & Co., a well known brand. Apply to Apollo House. GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

The best remedy for

ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT, AND INDIGESTION,

and the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, especially adapted for Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for *regular* use in Warm Climates.

DINNEFORD & CO.,
CHEMISTS, LONDON,
And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.
N. B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.
Agents.—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

ROWLAND AND CO.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT
19, MEADOW STREET AND RAMPART ROW,
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Every description of SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS HORSE CLOTHING, SADDLE CLOTHS, HUNTING, RIDING and DRIVING WHIPS, always on hand.

ORDERS promptly attended to, and the repairs of Saddlery Harness, &c., carefully executed.

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NOTICES.

NOW READY.

THE TRIAL AND DEPOSITION OF MULHAR RAO GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

Price, Rs. 3 per Copy.

CONTENTS:

Introduction.
Report of the Baroda Commission of 1873.
Proceedings before the Commission of 1875.
Resolution of the Government of India.
Report of the European Commissioners.
Opinions of the Native Members of the Commission.
Proclamation by the Government of India deposing the Gaekwar.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND will be received at the NEW BANK of BOMBAY, LIMITED, or at the Office of the *Bombay Gazette*.

H. MAXWELL,
A. C. OLIPHANT, } Secretaries.

Bombay, 25th June 1875.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

THE ORPHEUS OPERETTA COMPANY.

GRAND OPENING PERFORMANCE,
WEDNESDAY, 25TH AUGUST,
For particulars see future Advertisements and Bills of the day.

PRICES.

Dress Circle	Rs. 4	Stalls	Rs. 3
Gallery	„ 2	Pit	„ 1

Family Tickets to admit Three to Dress Circle, Rs. 10.

Plan of the Theatre and Tickets at SOUNDY & Co.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

GRAND FAMILY NIGHT.
"LAST NIGHT OF ALL
THAT ENDS THIS STRANGE EVENTFUL HISTORY."
MR. AND MRS. D'ARCY READ.
MR. H. ROGERS AND FULL COMPANY.
SATURDAY, 14TH AUGUST, 1875.
Tickets and Plan at ROSE & Co.
SEE BILLS.

THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.—NOTICE.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 31st July to the 14th August next, inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
C. E. MITCHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 30th July 1875.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—COCOANUT DAY.—The HINDOO COMMUNITY are hereby informed that the ANNUAL COCOANUT CEREMONY on MONDAY, the 16th instant, will, with the consent of the Port Trustees, take place at MODY BAY.

The Public will not, however, be prevented from having access to Back Bay by way of the limited space between the level crossing of the B. B. & C. I. Railway at Chowpatty and the foot of Malabar Hill.

A. EDGINTON,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 11th August 1875.

THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.—NOTICE.—SHAREHOLDERS are hereby informed that the following list of WINES, &c., are in STOCK, and the Catalogue prices:—Bass's Beer in Kilderkins, Pontet Canet, Chablis, Chartreuse, Beaune, Claret (Yellow), Curacoa (Orange and White, Fockink's best), Geneva, Marcobrunner, Rowenath, Port Wine (Ernest Invalid), Punch (Carlsham), sparkling Moselle and Sauterne.

C. E. MITCHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

19th August, 1875.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.—SHAREHOLDERS are informed that in consequence of the INCREASE in DUTY on WINES, SPIRITS and LIQUEURS, PRICES are ADVANCED in accordance therewith from THIS DATE.

C. E. MITCHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 7th August 1875.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are hereby invited for the construction of an IRON BRIDGE (with approaches) over the Tanna Creek.

Copies of Specification, Conditions and Bill of Quantities can be obtained, and Plans, &c., seen at the Office of F. B. McCLARAN, Esq., C. E., Assistant Engineer, Northern Konkan, at Tanna.

Date for submission of Tenders has been extended to 31st August, after which date none will be received. No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

Tanna, 3rd July 1875.

NEW BANK OF BOMBAY, LIMITED.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the BANK, HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY, PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, and GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 16th and 17th instant, on account of COCOANUT HOLIDAYS.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 5th August 1875.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 16th and 17th instant, on account of COCOANUT HOLIDAYS:—

For the Oriental Bank Corporation,
F. W. ROBERTSON, Acting Agent.
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China,
D. FINLAYSON, Agent.
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China,
JAMES WALLACE, Pro. Agent.
For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris,
M. LANDON, Manager.
For the National Bank of India, Limited,
J. CHALMERS, Manager.
For the Agra Bank, Limited,
W. BLACKHALL, Manager.
For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Bombay, 2nd August 1875.

THE NEW COLABA COMPANY, LIMITED.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, on SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 o'clock P.M., to receive the REPORT of the DIRECTORS and STATEMENT of ACCOUNTS made up to the 30th June 1875, and to sanction the declaration of a DIVIDEND.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 7th to the 14th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
REMINGTON & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 2nd August 1875.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROOF BOARDS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of the following QUANTITIES of 1 inch thick MOULMEIN TEAK BOARDS:—

100 Tons of not less than 19 feet in length, by 6 to 7 inches wide.

50 Tons of not less than 5 feet 6 inches in length, by 6 to 7 inches wide.

To be delivered at the rate of not less than 15 Tons and 10 Tons per month respectively, commencing from 1st January 1876.

The Boards to be of the best quality sawn exact to sizes, from well Seasoned Timber, in good and sound condition, to be free from all defects, and subject to the approval of the Locomotive Superintendent.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tender for Roof Boards," and which must specify the rate per load of 50 cubic feet delivered at Byculla, will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 18th August next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Paper as a guarantee of the good faith of the Tenderer.

Persons whose Tender shall be ACCEPTED will be required to enter into a contract and FINED SECURITY equal to 10 per cent upon the estimated aggregate value of the Roof Boards to be supplied by them.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper

Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 27th July 1875.

PIANO INSTRUCTION, TUNING AND REPAIRING

BY

MR. P. A. LOPES.

LESSONS given on Piano, Harmonium and Violin. Pianos and Harmoniums Tuned, Repaired, and Regulated.

Pianos, &c., received on commission sale.

Byculla Terrace, Belassis Road, opposite Bolton and Co.'s.

LAFOND BROTHERS,

GOVERNMENT REMOUNT STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CARRIAGES AND HORSES FOR SALE AND ON HIRE BY THE DAY OR MONTH.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

"Duchess," a powerful Bay

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, 13TH AUGUST 1875.

The Liverpool Cotton Market so far as can be gathered from Reuter's reports shows no material change, although the tendency is evidently downwards. Yesterday's market closed quiet., sales 12,000 bales, Mid.-Orleans on the spot being 1/16d. lower, and G. F. Western's 1/16d. per lb. higher. This morning's report is again quiet, probable sales 12,000, actual imports 14,000 bales. From New York the only item received is yesterday's receipts which were 200 bales against 1,000 bales on the corresponding date last year.

Coffee continues to tend upwards. Mid.-Plantation Ceylon being now quoted at 112s. per cwt. Oil and Seeds are unchanged.

In Indian Rupee Paper the only alteration is a decline of ¼ in Fives and a half. Fours are still quoted at 91¾ and Fours and a half at 92¾.

Reuter's weekly quotations for metals show no change except in yellow metal Braziers which are ¼d. per lb. higher.

The reduction in the Bank of England rate of Discount to 2 per cent yesterday has had no effect here to-day, the movement having been quite expected from the tenor of previous advices. It is unlikely that any further reduction will now be made no matter what the position may be, but if elsewhere as still likely, the present aspect of affairs would justify it. The Bank probably has never occupied a stronger position, and in the open market short dated paper is discountable as 1¾ per cent., while even six months' sight bills can be discounted at 2¼ per cent. The last time on which the rate was reduced to 2 per cent. was on the 13th July 1871, and it remained at that to 21st September, when it was raised to 3 per cent. Money, however, was not nearly so abundant than as it is now, and it seems likely therefore that the low level may be maintained for a longer period. There is always the possibility that the demonetisation of Silver on the Continent may lead to a sudden demand for Gold, or that an unfavourable harvest outturn may call for withdrawals to pay for foreign corn, but even allowing for these contingencies, the strength of the position and the probability of a very quiet trade for sometime to come seem sufficient to act as a counterbalance.

The Bank return for the week ending on Wednesday shows that the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities has advanced from 50½ to 52¾ per cent, the Reserve of Notes being £625,000 and Bullion £250,000 higher, while Discounts have decreased by £312,500. Since the return was made up a further payment of £384,000 has gone into the Bank which gives additional strength to the position. Consols this morning are quoted at 94¾, an advance of ¼, French Rentes are not quoted, nor is Bar Silver mentioned, but we hear that private telegrams report an advance to 56¼d. per oz.

Sterling Exchange to-day opened without alteration of any kind, but later on a slightly firmer feeling was manifested; demand Bank Bills were obtainable at 1/32d. higher, and private paper was less easy to sell at current rates. We quote:—

Bank Bills, on demand	...	1s. 9 11/16d.	per rupee.
do.	6 months' sight	1s. 10 1/16d.	,,
Credits	3 ,,	1s. 10 1/16d.	,,
Documents	3 ,,	1s. 10 1/8d.	,,

On Calcutta there is no change. For demand we still quote 99 7-8 to 15-16, and for 60 days' sight 99 5-16. In Government Paper there is nothing doing. We call Fours, Rs. 102 1/8; Fours and a half, Rs. 103 1/8; Fives and a half, Rs. 108 5/8.

The Share Market is fairly steady, values being in most instances unaltered. Bank of Bombays are ¼ per cent. higher, Colaba Land Company Rs. 15, Mofussil Company Rs. 5, Manockjee Petit Rs. 5, and Oriental Rs. 5 per share higher.

Cotton is very dull, and again nominally Rs. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy lower, but we have not heard of any transactions for export. The receipts yesterday were only 42 bales, making 1,357 bales for the week.

Freights by steamer are much firmer to-day, the speculators having secured the only ready Canal boat for which they are asking £2-2-6, but to arrive £1-18-9 is reported to have been done. By sail £2 continues the nominal quotation.

Piece Goods are very dull, the transactions from first hands being confined to a retail scale.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Number of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last dend.	Names.	Cash Rates per Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	P. a.		
200,000	100	all	5 p.ct	Agra Bank	92
22,000	1,000	all	10 do.	Bank of Bengal	1,400 xd
20,000	500	all	8 do.	Bank of Bombay New	730
5,250	1,000	all	8 do.	Bank of Madras	1,160xd.
20,000	250	all	4 do.	Chartered Mercantile Bank of L. & China	250
40,000	281¼	all	Nil.	Hong. & Shanghai Bank	210
40,000	200	all	5 p.ct	Chartered Bank of India and China	150
40,000	250	125	5 do.	National Bank of India	116
60,000	250	all	12 do.	Oriental Bank	485

PRESS COMPANIES.

150	5,000	2,850	200 pc	Akbar Cotton Press Co	1,301
200	2,000	1,100	50 ps	Albert Co., Kurrachee	725
160	500	all	18 p.c.	Albert Ginning Co	650
250	1,000	200000		Alfred Mills Co	1,105
150	12,000	11,000	200 p	Apollo Press Co	3,600
175	1,000	all	...	Bellary	700
1350	500	all	60 ps	Bazar Company (New)	540
1,000	350	all	200 ps	Indian Press Co	333
400	200	all	65 p.c.	Broach Cotton Co	85
400	1,500	all	30 ps	Barwar Co	900
230	250	a"		Coconada Press Co	90
500	1,980	all	175 ps	Colaba Press Co	1,100
1,000	500	all	Nil.	Dhulia P. & G. Co	200
352	1,000	all	...	East India Press Co	1,125
150	8,500	all	Rs.200	Fort Press Co	2,100
300	2,000	2,000	15 ps	Framji Cowasji Press Company	300
300	500	all	100 ps	French Press Co	375
1,250	1,000	all	100 ps	Imperial Press Co	375
3,125	400	350	60 ps	Mofussil Press & Ginning Co	425
600	2,000	5,000	...	Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld	1,300
120	..	1,500	250 ps	Prince of W. Press	700
200	500	all	100 ps	Rosamond's Press Co	300
460	500	750	135 ps	Scinde Press Co	415
300	1,000	750	...	Scinde & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Limited	950
150	850	all	12 p.c.	Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	600 nl.
470	1,000	..	100ps*	Volkart's United Press Co.	940

* Per share, for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

800	1,250	all	100*	Alexandra Spinning	1,300
all	500	all	100	Bunder Spinning	1,350
300	2,000	500	...	Bhownuggur M. & P. Co.	1,600
980	1,000	all	100	Bombay United	1,110
2 600	1,000	all	100*	Broach Mills	1,050
900	1,000	750	...	Colaba Spinning	800
2,500	2,000	all	100 p.s	Dhurumsey Spin'ng	1,140
1,000	1,250	all	100 p.s	Hindustan S. W. Co	945
1,400	1,000	all	100ps*	Great Eastern	1,040
700	1,000	all	60 p.s	Hindustan S. W. Co	930
1,250	1,000	all	100 p.s	Jamsetjee Jeejee Mills	1,090
...	...	800	...	Khandesh Spinning	875
300	1,250	all	Nil	Madras Spinning	670
...	...	600	...	Madras U. Spinning	850
2,500	1,000	all	70	Manockji Petit's	1,090
1,050	1,000	all	192ps*	Morarjee Spinning	1,110
4,000	625	all	96 p.c.	Oriental	945
600	1,250	200	...	Prince of Wales Spinning	630
1100	1,000	1,0	200 p s	Sonderdas Spinning	960
2000	1,000	250	31¼ps	Do. Do. 1/4 share.	276½

Per share, for the half-year.

LAND COMPANIES.

4,000	3,00	all	60	Colaba Land Co	1,150
7,500	15	all	...	Frere Land & Pier Co. Ld	100
1,750	2,000	2,000	20 p. c.	Mazagon Land	625
6,000	1,400	all	45 do.	Fort Canning Land Company, Limited	215

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

...	£20	£18 3 0	5 p. c.	G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	247 xd
...	£20	103 14 6		Do. New £20 Shares	198
...	£20	65 7 3	do.	Ditto	72
...	£20	21 13 1	do.	Ditto	32
...	100	1,000	do.	B.B. & C. I. Railway Co.	1,100
...	£18	190 3 15	do.	Do. New Shares	220

MISCELLANEOUS.

1,000	12,5..	1500	240ps.	Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,980
1,000	50	all	4½pct	Bombay Gas Company	650
600	1,000	all	...	Bombay Saw Mill Co	700
800	500	300	27pct	Landing & Shipping Co. of Kurrachee, Ld	175
2,150	200	100	8 p. c	Malabar Company, Ld	95
2,000	50	all	4 ps	Mechanics' Build'g Co	22
1,200	500	all	30 p.c	Treacher & Co	305
...	250	all	40 ps	Viegas Patent Slip	30

LANES IN LIQUIDATION.

			Date L'dation.		
...	95	119¼	...	Bank of China	1
...	...	...	...	East India Bank	1

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic, for week ending 7th August 1875.

Open, 1,378½ Miles.	Rs.	a.	p.
Passengers	53,520	1	0
Merchandise	1,72,879	0	0
Electric Telegraph	592	0	0
Municipal Trains	607	8	0
Total Rs.	2,27,607	9	0
Corresponding week last year, open 1,378½ miles. Total Rs.	2,02,936	13	4
Increase Rs.	24,670	11	8

BANK OF MADRAS.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Madras on 7th August 1875:—

Liabilities.	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital	56,25,000	0	0
Public Deposits	1,03,61,450	13	11
Other Deposits	66,17,780	10	4
Bank Credits	3,46,803	5	7
Cost Bills	9,220	14	7
Reserve Fund	4,50,000	0	0
Special Reserve Fund			
Rs.	234,10,264	12	5
Assets.	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver & Notes at H. Office	94,02,264	2	5
Govt. Reserve,—Cash	32,61,761	3	8
Govt. Securities	37,73,433	3	6
Loans	14,70,816	6	6
Account of Credits	4,81,324	0	0
Mercantile Bills discounted	28,70,414	12	10
Bond Stock	2,24,094	14	1
Bills of Exchange	8,65,349	2	2
Due by other Banks	10,59,608	0	0
Rs.	234,10,264	12	5

CALCUTTA MONEY MARKET.

Office of the "Indian Daily News," August 10.

All trade remains depressed. What the newly revised tariff of custom duties may effect, or result in, cannot yet be judged of. The manner of legislating on the question, away from the commercial centre, has been the cause of some very strong comments on the new Act. The more so, that not only is a very important economic question involved in the changes carried out, with reference to the five per cent. import duty on long-staple cotton, but that question has been decided where it was impossible that public opinion could be brought to bear upon it during its inceptive stage, and where the non-official or mercantile members of the Supreme Council could have no voice in the decision. The matter results, in whatever way the impost is viewed, in a general verdict that "Manchester has ordered it to be imposed," and that Lord Northbrook complied! Money during the week has been in steadier demand and rates maintained. *Sterling* exchange has been firmer, and higher, in favour of buyers. Government Paper less doing, and slightly lower. The share market quiet, and in some instances lower. Exports on a small average except grain. British Cotton Piece-goods market very depressed.

Charges for money unaltered, both in the open market, and at the Bank of Bengal.

With respect to public demand, the published figures show as follows:—

Deposits, increased	Rs.	9,57,000
Credits, decreased	,,	10,93,000
Discounts, decreased	,,	2,25,000
Total	Rs.	22,45,000
Less Loans, increased	,,	3,58,000
Leaving	Rs.	18,87,000

as the actual decrease of public demand in the week. A decrease on the Treasury balance of about Rs. 5,50,000 accounts for the Bank's Cash balance not having augmented more than Rs. 14,30,000. That balance is, however, now, at the head office, £2,000,000, notwithstanding the Bank has out on—

Discounts	Rs.	2,09,42,000
Loans		74,70,000
Credits		68,50,000
Total	Rs.	3,52,71,000

That demand on the Bank should have somewhat slackened at the close of the month, was only probable, particularly after the increased public demand of £300,000, which marked the close of that week ending 27th ultimo. That the Bank management stood firm as to the Bank rates last Thursday was fully expected. One swallow does not make a summer, but does one week's diminished call on the Bank notify a cessation of requirements. As to the last named, it is more than probable that the next account will display a heavy increase on the item of *loans*, for the August instalment of the new Government loan, just paid up, on the portion of weak allottees mostly, who have not been able yet to *get out* even at their tender price. That instalment has mainly fallen on the Bank, to finance it,—as the further instalments will most likely do. The total amount has been about twenty-six lakhs. That has had a steadying effect on the money market, and coupled with the special demand from the monthly Opium sale, charges, if not actually stiffer, are certainly not cheaper, and have no further tendency in that direction. That capitalists, making a forecast of the early future of the market, are now willing to pay more for their funds, is evident, from the advance in exchange, and the higher prices paid under a more extensive competition, for the Secretary of State's bills on India, at the last week's sale in London. The facts are quite in keeping with market prospects, and are confirmed by the low state of means on the spot at this time, with the Exchange Banks generally. If trade lately had been on an ordinary average, the cost of money must have advanced again as it will do in the fall of the year, unless resources are largely augmented to meet the inevitable larger market demands of that period.

Buyers of Sterling bills on London have once more gained a point, and that, at the present very serious cost of remittance, is a subject of real congratulation. Expectation that the Secretary of State's drawing in India last week, would have gone at the higher range which they did, *viz* 1-1 9/91 per rupee were certainly not very general, even if they prevailed at all. The fact is none the less welcome, and the present circumstances of trade, and the money market, point to somewhat better times once more for remitters. Although there can be merely a modification of their losses in this respect, under the present relations of Silver in European markets, at the close of the mail a weaker feeling is apparent, and a sixteenth of a penny per rupee below the highest quotations for the week is the best obtainable. The rate for Bank Bills, at six months' sight, has been for the present mail 1-10½ per rupee; three months' sight 1-9½ to 1-9 15/16, and on demand from 1-9½ to 1-9 9/16. First class six months' sight Credits, at 1-10 3/16 to 1-10¼, and Document Bills at 1-10 5/16 to 11-0¾.

On *France*, Bank bills at three month's sight, 2*f*. 30c. to 2-32, and three month's sight Documents at 2-35 to 2-35½ per rupee.

On *China*, thirty days' sight bills at Rs. 222 per hundred dollars.

On *Mauritius*, no change to note from 52 cents. per rupee at sixty days' sight.

On *Bourbon*, 265 francs per hundred rupees at sixty days' sight.

On *Bombay*, par to Rs. 100-2 for on demand Bank bills, and 99-4 for sixty days' sight. Private bills at 60 days at 98-42 to 98-14.

Government Paper has been fairly curbed from anything like animations, by the influence of the second new loan instalment. That prices do not fall below 102-0 for Fours, and are not likely to do so, as long as money remains at its present cost, is simply owing to the views of holders of stock to support the price up to the minimum price of tenders to the recent new loan At 102-0 there are large buyers, but very little having been secured under Rs. 102-2. And some amounts were even taken above that up to Saturday. On that day sellers were well open at 102-2. Four and a half of 1879-80 has been sold at 103 0, and quotes from that up to 103-2. Five and a half is very slowly yielding to the new not very distant day of reckoning. Holders cannot obtain 109 for it. There are buyers at 108-12; offers of 108-14 would meet with sellers no doubt.

The Share market is very little more active. Lower prices have in some instances induced more transactions but in few, if any, cases have large operations taken place or been reported. If anything, the cost of accommodation has again turned against borrowers, where it was expected to be cheaper. This has been the cause of some scrip being let go cheaper, and prior to the "Doorga" holidays, now not far off, if anything like a stiffer cost of money arises, the usual "bargains" of that period may reward the patience of buyers. As to the general conditionsor prospects of the Share market, there is little or nothing to add to our former remarks. Every one interested is hoping, and perhaps praying, for revival (shares—nothing more). Time must, how ever, elapse for new strength to grow, for losses have not been generally confined to the black-legged ones, but those have recoiled largely on the results of more fortunate investments. Tea generally is looking well, and where it is not, as in the case of the Tukvar Co., energetic, management are on the *qui vive*, to inquire why production is not what it should, and no doubt will be. Coal investments are thought to be high enough in price under moderate working prospects. Iron seems to be at a discount, although the day may be not far off when India may find a "a long staple" in this direction in her own fields, and cause another manufacturers' convulsion in the neighbuorhood of Saint Stephen of ancient fame. Perhaps another convenient revision of the *tariff* may take place then.

Bank Shares.—Bank of Bengal sold and readily obtainable Rs. 1,400. No further demand for Agra Bank. National Bank sold at 114 and 115.

*Railway Stock.*Sales of Oudh and Rohilkund at Rs. 127 per £10. Eastern Bengal at Rs. 258 per £20. Scinde, Punjab and Delhi at 243 per £20.

Coal Scrip.—No sales reported.

Miscellaneous Shares.—Bally Paper Mill at 83 cash, and 85 for time. Great Eastern Hotel at 180 for time. India General Steam at 380 and 385. Landing and Shipping at 40. Ramsitapore Press at 85. Bengal Iron 12 discount.

Spinning Mills.—Barnagore Jute 160 to 98-8. Budge-Budge, full at 71, new 9 to 10 discount. Bengal Mills 1 074. Calcutta Jute 107 to 109. Fort Gloster 80½ up to 82,8 for time. Howrah Mills 32,33. Orientsl 82 time. Seebpore, 76 to 78 cash and 82 for time. Goureepore 900. Bowreah Cotton 80 to 92 cash, and 95 for time. Dunbar Cotton 15 discount,

Tea Shares.—Bishnauth, *full* 360, contributory 110. Bur hola 104. Central Cachar 147 to 145. Dehing 61, 62. Durrung 75 and 76. East India 85. Dessai and Parbutty 142. Luckimpore 128. Magaram 115. Muttuck contributory 68. Singell 110 115, 110.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

John Tennant, s. from Calcutta for London stranded at Cape Finisterre, is reported by cable from Corunna to be breaking up; cargo being saved.

Harald Haarfagre, Norwegian trading Steamer, from Bombay for Dunkirk (Linseed,) put into Lisbon evening of July 17th, with boiler tubes leaky. This steamer has since been reported by telegraph, as having arrived at her distination Dunkirk.

The B. I. S. N. Co's s. s. India, 656 tons, Captain J. Henderson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. Manockjee Jamsetjee, Mr. Goolam Ally Saker, Lieut. Powell R. N., Mr. and Mrs., Benj. Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Kennedy and four children and nine deck passengers.

The P. and O. Co's s. s. Avoca, 904 tons, Captain T. H. Torback, which arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Aden and Suez, with English Mails and the following cargo.—264 bales twist, 939 packages piecegoods, 1 case boots, 73 boxes specie, 50 bags coffee, 1 box specie and pearls, 2,100 planks, 136 packages leads, 7 packages wine, 3 packages almonds, 30 barrels flour, 3 cases false pearls, and many other package merchandise and transhipment for different ports.

ARRIVAL.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
13	India(s).....	Henderson ...	Bussorah, July 27.

The following vessels were entered out for loading yesterday:—Steamer Avoca, to Aden and Suez.
Steamer Madura, to Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.		
9	Satara (s)..... Day.....	Moulmein, Aug 2.
	Talisman ..... Gray	Liverpool, April 10.
	Spervier ..... Grady	Bourbon, July 12.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.		
9	Rona	.....
	Arundel Castle	.....

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Aug.		
10	Hester Blanchard	Rosario.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.		
9	D. of Lancaster (s)....	Calcutta.
10	Inverdrue.....	London.
	Pembrokeshire	London.

DAILY IMPORTS—August 13.

From Liverpool.

Parana (s), 2 packages portwine, Cawajee Manockjee & Sons.

From London.

Manzaleh (s), 2 cases brandy, Cuiler Palmer & Co; 1 hogshead Sherry, Rogers & Co.
Khedive (s), 105 casks beer, Jamsetjee Nowrojee; 5 bottles quicksilver, Ebrunjee Futtardy.

From Genoa.

Persia (s), 3 hogsheads claret, D S Kemp & Co

DAILY EXPORTS.—August 13.

For Liverpool.

Accrington 85 cwts coir yarn, Raysee Amerchund; 6,144 gallons earth oil, Framjee Sauda & Co., 1,000 cwts Linseed Eduljee Nusserwanjee Settna; 137 bales cotton Knoop & Co; 570 cwts seed, Ritchie Stewart & Co.

India (s), 350 cwts rags Goculdass Dewjee; 84 cwts coolinjum and ambahaldee, Versee Poonjajee & Co; 39 bales wool, Premjee Pera 3; 50 bales cotton, Ramchunder Mahadeo & Co; 200 bales cotton, Goculdass Mahadewjee & Co; 125 bales cotton, Ramnaran Hurkeesondass; 100 bales cotton, Ruttansey Poonsey & Co; 30 bales wool, and 50 bales cotton, Ramjee Raychund.

Strathelyde's, 76 bales wool, Shamjee Veerjee; 21 bales wool, Finlay Scott & Co; 55 bales wool, Framjee Premjee; 34 bales wool, Mooljee Jaitha & Co; 28 bales wool, Kessowjee Toolseedass & Co; 16 bales wool, Pragjee Vusta; 15 bales wool, Hurjeevan Vassonjee and Vassonjee Dewchund, 55 bales cotton, Manockchund Sewjee & Co; 35 bales cotton, Muthoordass Vithuldass; 100 bales cotton, Vurdhamon Poonsee & Co; 30 bales wool, Luckmedass Khimjee; 5 bales cotton, Finlay Scott & Co.

For London.

Hydaspes s, 3 boxes silver coins, The C M B of I L and China; 10 bundles E teeth, Allybhoy Mamedjee.

For Venice.

Avoca s, 200 bales cotton, George Lockhart & Co; 850 bales cotton, 10 chests sheiac, 23 bales silk, and 74 bales hides, P and O Co.

For Trieste.

Avoca s, 241 bales cotton, P and O Co; 100 bales cotton. Volkart Brothers.

For Marseilles.

Zerbino (s), 80 cwts horns, Woomerbhoy Chundabhoy.
Avoca (s), 2 bales silk, P & O Co.

For Alexandria.

Avoca (s), 110 bales gunnies, P & O Co.

For Lyons.

Avoca (s), 19 bales silk, P & O Co.

For Suez.

Avoca (s), 40 bales gunnies, 5 bags coffee and 193 chests indigo, P & O Co.

For Honkong.

Geelong (s), 27 bales twist, H Adam Esmail & Co.

HIGH COURT—14TH AUGUST.

(Before the Honourable the Chief Justice and the Honourable Mr. Justice Bayley.)

Appeal for hearing.

478-73—Hearn, Cleveland and LeeWarner—Elizabeth Barstedt v The Agra Bank, Limited—Fletcher and Smith.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Bayley.)

LONG CAUSES.

425-74—Jeffarzoo and Payne—Bai Panchi v Veerjee Jai amSh.mrao Pandoorng.
624 74—M Munishi—Jeemeebai v Jumnadass Pitamberdass—v Shapoorjee and Thacurdass.
505 74—Mr. Balmain—Rejoo Balloo v Pandoorng Ker be.
481-74—M H Khan Syed Hyder Hoosein and others v The New Bank of Bombay—Rimington, Hore and Langley.
473-74—Jeffarzoo and Payne—Rugoonbhoy Goolam Hoos in v Laljee Ludha—Tyabjee and Sayane.
73-75—Craigie, Lynch and Owen—Shaik Mahomed Abdool Latiff v Munnoor bin Mahomed &c Mr Po lock.
169-75—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Raghoonthdass Jumnadass v Gungadass Jumnadass—Shamrao Pandoorng.
555 74—Joonardhun and Ghaddhbhoy—Shivjee Cullianjee Chaturbhooj Dewjee and others—Jefferson and Payne.

(Before the Honourable the Chief Justice and the Honourable Mr. Justice Green.)

406-72—Tyabjee and Sayani—The Morarjee Gocouldass S and W Co v Rustomjee Ardaseer Wadia N—Jefferson and Payne.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Marriott.)

LONG CAUSES.

298-75—Hearn, Cleveland and LeWarder—Ardasir Hormusjee Wadia v The New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy S and Weaving Co—Fletcher and Smith.
270-75—Jefferson and Payne—Sulleman Latiff v Dennis Rahard.
272-75—Craigie, Lynch and Owen—The Hon'ble Mahomed Alley bin &c and Bushir widow and others.
273-75—Fletcher and Smith—Nurrodhun Crustnajee v Fakurba widow and other—Mr Balkrushna.
274-75—Craigie, Lynch and Owen—The Manockjee Petit S and W Co v Manockla Rajaram.
275-75—Jefferson and Payne—Rvanjee Muncherjee v Ms C Francisca and another—Fletcher and Smith.
300-75—Jefferson and Payne—Rughoobhoy Khimjee and another v Meerally Dama.
297-75—Tyabjee and Sayani—Rorah Hussonbhoy C v Thucker Dewjee Heerjee—Mr Judge.
168-75—Shapoorjee and Thacurdass—Laljee Cutchra and others v Cassum Moosa and others—Jefferson and Payne.
80-75—V Hurrychund—Nanabhoy Shri Tryimbakjee v Jumnadass Mahadeo and others.
644-75—Fletcher—Hemmoot Bhugwandas v Tullaychund Heerachund—Tyabji and Sayani.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Green.)

LONG CAUSES.

283-74—Shapoorjee and Thacurdass—Ibhrahimjee Lookmanjee v Hurrylal Homraj—K Mookjee—Part heard.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—August 12.

Tauncey, Captain, Bengal 19th Regt., to join, from England.
Cartwright, Captain, Bombay 83rd Regt., on leave, from Deesa.

DEPARTURE.—August 10.

Parakh, Surg., Bombay Ind. Med. Dept., on duty, to Poona.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Fort St. George Gazette*, August 10).

Educational Department.

The undermentioned Officer has obtained leave of absence from his station:—

Mr H Forley, Inspr of Schools, 2nd Division, subsidiary leave not exceeding thirty days, under Section 18 (a) of the Civil Leave Code.

The Govr in Council has been pleased to make the following appointmen's:—

Revenue Department.

The Honorable David Arbuthnott to act as Second Member of the Board of Revenue during the absence of Mr G Banbury on leave, or until further orders.

Mr Geo Waldenaker Ballard to act as Third Member of the Board of Revenue during the employment of the Hon R A Dalyell on other duty, or until further orders.

The above appointments to date from the date of Mr. G. Thornhill resuming his seat as First Member of the Board.

Judicial Department.

Mr William D Ainslie to act as Asst Supdt of Police, Ganjam Dist, during the employment of Capt W H St A Wilton on other duty, or until further orders.

Surgn-Maj Edmund Eyre Lloyd to be Zillah Surgn and Supdt of the Jail, Tanjore.

Surgn-Maj Fitzgerald Rees McLeod Ross to be Zillah Surgn and Supdt of the Jail, Nellore.

The Govr in Council has been pleased to confirm the appointment, made by the Chief Justice of the High Court, Madras, of Lt. A. F. W Begbie to act as Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, during the absence of Mr W Morgan on leave, or until further orders.

Mr R W Bliss, Actg Dist and Sessions Judge of Madura, received charge of the Court from Mr F H Woodroffe on the forenoon of the 30th ultimo.

Mr C W Martin, Actg Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, delivered over charge of the Court to the Head Clerk on the 29th ultimo.

Mr Maurice Cross, Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Combaconum, returned to his station on the 31st ultimo and resumed charge of the Court on the 2nd instant.

Mr V P deRomario, Actg Subdt Judge of Calicut, assumed charge of the Court on the 30th ultimo.

Political Department.

Surgn-Maj James McDonald Houston, M D, to be Physician to His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.

Public Works Department.

Mr W B Leggatt, Ex Engr of the 2nd grade, North Arcot Dist to act as Dist Engr, Bellary, during the absence of Col E A Foord R E, on furlough, or until further orders—to join at the public expense.

Military Department.

The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Col J London, of the S C Comsy-Genl, on furlough on private affairs for one year, under the Regulations of 1808, and to embark from Madras.

Col E A Foord, Royal (Madras) Engrs, Suptdg Engr, 1st grade, Bellary, on furlough on private affairs, for one year, eleven months, and twenty-five days, under the Regulations of 1808, and to embark from Madras or Bombay.

G O G No 509, dated 30th July 1875, placing the services of Lt A W D Campbell, H M's 16th Lancers, at the disposal of the Political Dept, is cancelled.

The Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Col Mark Walker, V C, C B, H M's 45th Foot, to be a Brdr-Genl, from the 4th Aug 1875, vice Best, whose tour has expired.

Col J P Watts, S C, Dy Comsy-Genl, to officiate as Comsy-Genl and Lt-Col R A Moore, S C, Asst Comsy-Genl 1st class, to officiate as Dpty Comsy-Genl, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Col J Loudon, or until further orders.

Maj H R Phelips, to be S C, to be in charge of Pensioners and holders of Family or Gratuities at Guntoor.

The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lt-Col H H Foord, of the S C, Wing officer 23rd Regt N I, on furlough on private affairs for two years, under the Regulations of 1808, and to embark from Madras.

Maj G Tyndall, of the S C, on furlough on private affairs for one year, under the Regulations of 1808, and to embark from Rangoon Calcutta, or Madras.

With reference to G O G No 1 of 1875, republished in Madras G O G No 1, dated 4th Jany 1875, Lt-Col (Bt Col) Richard Godfrey Jones, of the S C, is permitted to retires from the 1st Aug 1875, on the pension of a Col, viz £456-5-6 per an un, with an extra annuity of £170-10-0 payable in England.

The following promotion is made, subject to Her Maj's approval:—

Maj David Walter Williams, of the Infantry, to be Lt-Col, vice Tweedie, retired. Dated 1st Aug 1875.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LEAN—August 10th, at Callian, the w fe of Mr. F. F. Lean. of a son.

MARRIAGE.

HOSKING—TAYLOR—August 12th, at Tanna, by the Rev. W. Maule, Edward Hosking, Bombay Civil Service, to Annette, second daughter of Andrew Taylor.

DEATH.

POOTLABAEE—August 13th, at her father's residence, Girgaum Road, the beloved eldest daughter of Mr. Rao Nana Moroba, Justice of the Peace, and wife of Mr. Ramrao Narayen Dholaker, aged 24 years, deeply regretted.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

SMITH—August 4th, at Comillah, Tipperah, the wife of A. Hume Smith, of a son.

DEATHS.

MOORE—August 5th, at Sheikh Budin, Thomas William Moore, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bhaukar, Tera Ismail Khan.

POYNTON—August 6th, at No. 1, Lindsay Street, Calcutta, Samuel Joseph Poynton, Clerk to the Honorary Magistrates and Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, aged 44 years.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

	Date.	Mails, closes,	Mails, packet
United Kingdom	Aug 14 ...	3-30 P.M.	... 4-30 P.M
Kurrachee	,, 14 ...	11 A.M.	... 12 A.M
Persian Gulf via Kurrachee	,, 19 ...	11 A.M.	... 12 A.M.
Australian	,, 21 ...	3 P.M.	No after packet
China	,, 23 ...	4 P.M.	
Mauritius and Reunion	,, 27 ...	3-30 P.M.	... 4 P.M.
Zanzibar, &c.	,, 27 ...	3-30 P.M.	... 4-30 P.M

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE,

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE CASE OF COLONEL BAKER.

LONDON, 13TH AUGUST, 6-10 P.M.

The War Minister, after consulting his colleagues, recommended Colonel Baker's retirement without Commission value.

The Queen has insisted on his dismissal.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

LONDON, 13TH AUGUST.

Parliament was prorogued to day by Commission.

Her Majesty in her speech says:—My relations with all foreign powers are most cordial, and I confidently anticipate the maintenance of European peace.

The visit of the Sultan of Zanzibar has led to the conclusion of a supplementary connection for the more complete suppression of the East African slave trade.

I deeply regret the Yunnan outrage which is at present the subject of careful enquiry, and no effort will be spared to punish the instigators and perpetrators.

The condition of my Colonies is prosperous, and I look for important and valuable results from the proposed Conference for the confederation of the South African States.

In conclusion Her Majesty eulogistically enumerates the numerous measures of the Session.

THE CONFEDERATION OF SOUTH AFRICAN STATES.

Latest advices from the Cape state that public opinion is favourable to Lord Carnarvon's scheme for the confederation of the South African States.

THE CARLIST WAR.

MADRID, 12TH AUGUST.

Don Alfonso has ordered a levy of 100,000 men.

THREATENED DISTURBANCE ON THE EGYPTIAN FRONTIER.

ALEXANDRIA, 12TH AUGUST.

On the 3rd instant, the Governor of the Soudan forwarded information to the Khedive to the effect that the King of Abyssinia was preparing to invade Egyptian territory.

The Khedive immediately sent reinforcements to the frontier.

LONDON, 12TH AUGUST, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats dull.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera 4 15/16d.	
Exchange on India	1s. 9¼d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	91¾
½ do. do.	92¼
½ do. do.	97
3 per cent. Consols for account	94½
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	105¼

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of Notes ..£14,687,500 Inc. £625,000.
Bills Discounted ..£18,187,500 Dec. £312,500.
Bullion .....£28,875,000 Inc. £250,000.

The Bank of England rate of discount is 2 per cent.

The Market rate of discount is ½ below the Bank rate.

The sum of £384,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

Departure for Bombay via Suez Canal—Bellona.

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, 13TH AUGUST, 7-50 A.M.

Steamer Khiva, from Aden, arrived.

GALLE, 13TH AUGUST, 10 A.M.

Mail steamer Peshawur, from Bombay, arrived.

WEATHER REPORTS.

CANNANORE, 13th August, 4 P.M.—Weather cloudy. Wind S. W. Ther. 80. Fall of rain 50 cents.

CARWAR, 13th August, 5 P.M.—Weather wet. Wind W. 6. Ther. 75. Bar. 29·90. Fall of rain 4 inches 96 cents.

MANGALORE, 13th August, 5-10 P.M.—Weather fair. Wind S. W. Ther. max. 80, min. 71. W. B. 78. Bar. 29·76. Fall of rain 1 inch 12 cents.

TUTICORIN, 13th August, 9 P.M.—Weather fair. Wind W. moderate. Ther. 92. Bar. 29·82.

VINGORLA, 13th August, 5 P.M.—Weather cloudy. Wind S. W. strong. Ther. 83. Fall of rain 1 inch 8 cents.

THE PRINCE'S RECEPTION.

We believe the etiquette to be observed on the arrival of the Prince of Wales has been arranged as follows:—

H. E. the Governor of Bombay will go on board the Serapis to welcome His Royal Highness, and will accompany him ashore. H. E. the Viceroy will receive His Royal Highness at the landing place, where probably the address of the inhabitants of Bombay will be presented. Sir Philip Wodehouse, not waiting for this ceremony, will go on to Parell, and be in readiness there to receive his Royal guest and the Viceroy. After H. R. H. has reached Parell, Lord Northbrook will take his leave, and go to Malabar Point. This programme of course is open to alteration.

We are glad to hear that it is intended to propose Mr. A. J. Macdonald as Chairman of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, in the room of Mr. J. A. Forbes.

We learn that a Council meeting of the Governor-General of Goa was held on the 29th ult., in which the proposal of Mr. Campbell to have a Railway line through the country from Dharwar to Murmugaum was approved of under the following conditions. 1st. The Government is to allow the ground belonging to the State through which the line may pass, free of charge, the expropriation of private property being paid for by the conductors of the enterprise. 2nd. Whatever materials, such as stone, wood, &c. that Government can spare shall be given gratis. 3rd. Fifty years is the term fixed during which the company shall enjoy exclusive rights, and after that period the line and everything belonging to it shall revert to Government. 4th. A guarantee by the Government of 2 per cent. interest is to be given on the whole capital spent on the construction of the line. Referring to the above conditions the *India Portugueza* says that they are not very onerous, though at first sight they may appear to be so, especially the condition of guarantee. The total expenditure is estimated to be one-and-half million of rupees, or thirty thousand rupees for each kilometre, and at the rate of 2 per cent. Government will have to pay thirty thousand rupees per annum for fifty years. But the paper argues that the goods passing through the country shall pay duty, which will be an important and additional source of revenue to the Treasury. This impost and other advantages such as affording employment to many people who are now idle, together with making a demand for local goods for shipment abroad, will be a sufficient indemnification to the country in lieu of the 2 per cent. interest the Treasury will have to pay for a period of fifty years. Public opinion at Goa is greatly in favour of the line and demands the immediate acceptance of Mr. Campbell's proposal.

The sum of Rs. 37,007-11-5 has been collected up to date on account of the European General Hospital Endowment Fund, and Rs. 838-8 on account of the Army Fund, portion of the same fund.

The ten miles race between David Stanton, the bicycle rider, and a pony was won in England (July 18) by the pony Lady Flora, who did the ten miles in 40 minutes, beating Stanton by half-a-mile.

We learn from Mauritius that the Emanuelle which left this port for Havre on the 19th May, put into the Mauritius on the 13th ultimo, in a leaky condition. The extent of damage had not been ascertained when the mail left.

Messrs. CHATTO AND WINDUS have in the press a new work by Mr. Hepworth Dixon, entitled "White Conquest: America in 1875." Mr. Hepworth Dixon's new book is finished, the *Athenæum* states, and will be out in the autumn.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged between Mr. William Gladstone, eldest son of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, and the Honourable Gertrude Stuart, youngest daughter of Lord and Lady Blantyre, and granddaughter of the late Duchess of Sutherland.

UPON a survey, at Chatham, the iron frigate Adventure, which has just brought home the battalion of Royal Marines from Japan, has been found to be in such an unsound condition that it is doubtful whether she will ever again be employed on active service.

THE *Academy* says that Victor Hugo's new volume will be called "L'Art d'etre Grand-père." No poet has ever written so charmingly about children as he has. The successive deaths of his sons, Charles and Francois, made his two grandchildren, Jeanne and Georges, especially dear to him. He had already made them the subject of his verse in "L'Année Terrible."

THE official paper of Montenegro, *Glas Czernogorza*, positively contradicts the report of differences having broken out between Montenegro and Servia. Montenegro, it says, looks upon Servia as the natural leader of the Slavs of the South, and when Servia is ready to fulfil her mission, the Prince of Montenegro will be the first to do homage to the King of Servia.

A LARGE draft of horses in training and yearlings from Mr. Chaplin's stud, and the horses belonging to the late Mr. "Launde" (Rev. Mr. King), were sold a few weeks ago at Newmarket. Twenty-nine animals belonging to Mr. Chaplin realised an average of 491 guineas, and six which belonged to Mr. Launde an average of 1,266. The Earl of Zetland was one of the chief purchasers.

THE band of the 1st Life Guards, which ranks highest in the service for proficiency, and which invariably performs at the royal garden-parties at Chiswick, has received an invitation to take part in a military band competition at Berlin. If our bandsmen go to Germany, they will be pitted against the finest players in the world, for in that country military music, the *World* says, is just as good as it can possibly be, and no better.

RAJAH SOURINDRO MOHUN TAGORE, the enlightened patron of Bengali music, the author of several works on the subject, and the President of the Bengal Music School, has received from the American University of Philadelphia the Degree of Doctor of Music. The Calcutta *Statesman* trusts that other Universities will follow the example of that of Philadelphia, and do honor to the merits of this distinguished citizen of Calcutta.

CHOLERA, we regret to learn from the *Madras Times*, has found its way to Madras. Eight cases, four of which proved fatal, have been reported as having occurred in Royapoorum. Dr. Thompson, the Surgeon of the District, is doing all he can, in conjunction with the Police and the sanitary officers of Madras, to prevent the spread of the disease. A cholera shed has been erected, and the natives are being persuaded to resort to it. Unfortunately, the natives have a prejudice against being conveyed to a cholera shed, and the Police have therefore a great deal to contend with, in inducing people to leave their houses when attacked.

ON the 7th July, Messrs. W. Denny and Brothers launched from their building-yard at Dumbarton a large iron screw steam-ship, intended to form one of a line of first-class steamers from London to Calcutta, to run in connection with the mail services of the British India Steam Navigation Company in the East. Her dimensions are 369 by 37 by 29½, and her gross register tonnage about 2,930. She will be fitted by Messrs. Denny and Co. with compound direct acting surface condensing engines of 400 H. P. nominal. The usual ceremony of naming the vessel the Merkara was performed by Miss Thomson, of Dumbarton.

THE Bombay Trades' Association has come forward to support the strong position taken up by the Local Government and the Chamber of Commerce regarding the necessity of speedily forming a continuation of the B. B. and C. I. Railway from Ahmedabad to Ajmere. The Association has drawn up a brief but clear and forcible petition to the Marquis of Salisbury, urging that in consequence of the present gap in railway communication between Ahmedabad and Ajmere, a great deal of Punjab trade has to find a market in Calcutta instead of its natural and former market—Bombay. The petition has been numerously signed, but we would advise all who wish well to Bombay to take the opportunity of signing the petition.

THE Bombay correspondent of the *Pioneer* mentions a rumour of which we have heard something before, but which we had fain hoped, for the credit of the Bombay Government, was not correct. He says:—"I am sorry to think that the Local Government does not look upon the hospital movement so enthusiastically as the citizens do. I hear that the Bombay Government is endeavouring to put the movement down by treating it with disdain. It does not think a new hospital necessary, and offers the use of an old patch-up building in Esplanade! A Government so contemptuous of public opinion, which has over and over again declared that a new hospital is requisite, must have a peculiar idea of its moral obligations."

TELEGRAMS are published in the *Pioneer* of Thursday last announcing that the line of railway between Meean Meer and Beeas is impassable for trains. The mails which left Lahore on the morning of the 10th instant are detained at Amritsru. Another telegram from Jullundur Cantonment, the 11th instant, states that the line between Amritsur and Beeas has been washed away in several places; road and railway impracticable. The overland mail has stuck fast. Amritsur and Wazirabad line (Northern Punjab State Railway) also gone. A telegram from Lahore, 10th instant states that the rain is falling in torrents much damage has been done to the houses in the city. Six deaths caused by falling roofs. The railway from Lahore to Beeas is impassable.

A NEW weekly journal, with the title of the *Indian Spectator*, is about to be published in Bombay. Judging from the style of the prospectus, it will be unlike any English weekly newspaper in the world. It will be immensely superior to Indian daily newspapers if we may judge from the following characteristic extract from the programme:—"We are apt to run after things we don't understand, and to talk of politics and similar subjects as if we were bred statesmen from our birth. The newspapers have been not a little instrumental in encouraging this state of our mind. To remedy this growing evil a small journal is being started under the management of a competent staff of writers, whose object it will be to point at the abuses current in native society, to expose its foibles, and to improve generally the tone of native morality."

WE read in the *Rangoon Mail* that the Chinese traders at Rangoon have been complaining bitterly against the levy of an additional import duty of 5 per cent levied by the King of Burma on goods re-imported after the late Envoy's departure. Owing to the rumours of war all piece goods were returned to Rangoon some months ago. They had paid the King duty when they were shipped first, and he is now levying it on them again. As they have already paid freight twice to Mandalay, and once from Mandalay to Rangoon, it is not to be wondered at that traders cry out. Two Chinese firms at Rangoon largely interested in the up-country trade petitioned the Chief Commissioner on the subject, and Colonel Duncan will doubtless enquire into the matter when he arrives at Mandalay, possibly with a more satisfactory result than previous infringements of the treaty have been enquired into by the Political Agent.

THE steamer Poona, belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Company, left the South Dock, Sunderland, on her trial trip, on the 20th July. This vessel was taken to Sunderland upwards of 18 months ago, to have 84 feet added to her length, by Mr. James Laing, Shipbuilder, Deptford. The Poona, which was built as a passenger boat for the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, in 1862, is now 435 feet in length. Her engines, (by R. and W. Hawthorne, of Newcastle), are 600 horse power. The cylinders are 56 inches and 97 inches respectively in diameter, and the stroke is 4 feet 6 inches. She is fitted with six boilers, with three furnaces for each boiler, which will consume from 30 tons to 35 tons coal daily. She was towed out to sea by steamtugs, and a run was made for a distance of eight miles straight ahead during which time the vessel behaved admirably, and the engines gave every satisfaction.

VARIOUS extravagant reports are published in the Vienna newspapers as to the amount of the property left by the late Emperor Ferdinand. Some say that it amounted to 150,000,000 florins; others that it did not exceed from 20,000,000 to 30,000,000. The truth lies between these extremes. The estates in Bohemia, Moravia, and other provinces cover an area of 60,000 "joch," and are valued at about 30,000,000 florins. It is more difficult to estimate the value of the moveable property of the late Emperor, which chiefly consisted in railway shares; but it is said that notwithstanding ample charities, he was able to add 1,000,000 florins to his capital yearly out of his dividends alone. The present Emperor, who inherits the property, will of course have much heavier claims on him than his late uncle, and it is hardly likely that he will be able to save anything out of his revenues, even with this addition to his scanty civil list.

SOME practices, which the *Englishmen* presumes most of the merchants in Calcutta and, we may add, Bombay as well, would stigmatise as discreditable, have lately been brought to light in connection with the trade to Mauritius. Some telegrams from Colombo were shown about in Calcutta, stating that several steamers had been taken up there for the purpose of sending rice to Mauritius, such rice being held by the banks as security for advances to a firm which had failed. All shipments to Mauritius from the port of Calcutta were at once stopped, and from 1-5 a bag the rate of freight became nominal. It subsequently transpired that the intimation in the telegrams was entirely fictitious. No steamers had been chartered, and no rice was being shipped. Freights have again risen to their previous rates, but it strikes us that the mercantile community should cause a strict enquiry to be made into the whole business, the object of which is apparent.

THE following interesting accounts of the Chinese in Kashgar have been sent to the *Pioneer* by a correspondent:—"The survivors of the former Chinese garrison of Eastern Turkistan are in a singular position. They of course cannot help wishing for the return of their countrymen, but they are very doubtful as to whether the first act of a Chinese Governor, on recovering possession of the country, would not be to kill them all for having saved their lives by becoming Mussulmans. China appears to expect every man to do his duty by blowing himself up when at the last pinch. The Chinese Governors of Yarkund, Kashgar, and other towns loyally performed this duty; and their ancestors have probably been ennobled in consequence, which is the Chinese way of showing honor to merit. But those of their subordinates who preferred the loaves and fishes of the Mussulmans would have a hard time if their countrymen were victorious. Their numbers probably do not amount to two thousand in the whole country. The principal massacres were effected by the Tunganis, who have shown themselves, though akin by blood, the most inveterate and determined foes to the Chinese name."

WITH regard to the attempt at revolution which the Mehhara Prince contemplated making at Mandalay, the *Rangoon Gazette* states the Prince was arrested not a moment too soon, and adds that the details of the plot are rather obscure; but it appears the design was to seize the King's person on a particular occasion as some days back when His Majesty was expected to come down from the Palace in order to take a walk round his North Garden. The King's lucky Star, however, was in the ascendant; at the last moment he changed his mind, and betook himself instead to the South Garden. Numerous high officials are said to have shared the intentions of the Prince, and to have intended to cast in their fortunes with him, but at the news of the discovery came a flood of returning loyalty. "They wiped their mouths and said, I have done no harm," and no trace of conspiracy remained. In consequence the courtiers' heads are still upon their shoulders, and even the jails have derived no benefit. The King is said to have been delighted with the compliant politeness of Sir Douglas Forsyth, and it seems is hoping to see him again with an offer of the return of Rangoon in his hand. Were all Envoys of the same stamp, he would be extremely delighted.

THE Committee in charge of the arrangements for the fireworks at Calcutta on the occasion of the arrival of the Prince of Wales propose to make the display as Indian in its character as possible, as regards both the designs and the workmanship and materials. Their object is, no doubt, to show the Prince something he has not seen elsewhere, and at the same time to enable him to form an idea of indigenous pyrotechnical skill. Excellent as this object may be in its way, there is, the *Englishman* thinks, a good deal to be said against sacrificing the entire display to its fulfilment. In the first place, though native fireworks are very well worth seeing, and would possess a special interest for a stranger like the Prince, they cannot compare for either ingenuity or beauty with the work of the best European pyrotechnists. It is desirable to make the display as magnificent as possible; and it could not be made wholly native without detracting from the result in this respect. In the second place, a really grand display of European fireworks would be quite as great a treat to the natives, as a display of native fireworks would be to the Prince; and no such opportunity for it as the present is likely to recur for a long time. The best plan would be one which should combine both the objects in view—a display in which both European and native fireworks would have a place proportioned to their respective merits.

THE following items of official Aden news report, from 29th July to 4th August 1875, have been sent to us for publication:—It is reported that Moostapha Azim Pasha, the new Governor General of Yemen, is about to undertake active operations against the Hasheed tribes, which are still holding out, north of Saana, against the authority of the Ottoman Porte. Telegraphic communication has been established as far as Zuideyah and will be extended to Mohaiel, the chief city in the Aseeree country, as soon as the Hasheed tribes are brought into subjection, the wire will then doubtless be prolonged to the Hadoodal Harum or to the holy places. Hussun Bey, the Egyptian Commodore in the Red Sea, arrived at Hodeida a short time ago in the Khedive's man-of-war Dons, and has proceeded to some exports to Zeyla, a port on the African Coast, to the eastward of the Gulf of Tajura, to ascertain whether coal is to be found there. Aboo Bukur, the Ameer of that district, accompanied the Commodore. Zeyla is supposed to have been recently ceded to the Khedive by the Ottoman Porte. It is further rumoured that Redhwan Pasha had also arrived at Hodeida in the Egyptian corvette Sarka and will shortly proceed to Zeyla. It is also said that the Khedive contemplates an expedition against Hurrar, a large town in the interior of Africa which was visited in disguise by Captain Burton about the year 1855. Large quantities of coffee are grown here and about Hurrar, which is imported into Aden for the European markets. 24,709 camels entered Aden from the interior during the month of July, bringing coffee, fruit, vegetables, wood, fodder, grain and drinking water for sale.

THE *Chicago Tribune* publishes a despatch announcing that Mr. Robert Dale Owen has become insane. It appears that he had unhesitatingly accepted as supernatural some "manifestations" at Philadelphia, and had lived some time there in order to miss none of the seances. A certain "Katie King," who was the principal agent in producing these manifestations, afterwards confessed that they were a fraud. Mr. Owen had in the meantime written an article upon them in the *Atlantic Monthly*, in which he spoke of them as furnishing an undoubted proof of a life hereafter. The day before the article appeared the fraud was exposed. Mr. Owen wept bitterly, it is said, when a conviction that he had been made a dupe forced itself upon him. He telegraphed to Boston to cut out the article, but it was too late. The *Magazine* was already printed. A thin slip of paper disclaiming any editorial responsibility, and thus increasing that of the author was prefixed to the sketch. And thus it came to pass that Robert Dale Owen's sylogistic proof that 'Katie King' was a spirit, and 'Katie's' own confession that she was a fraud were published together throughout the country. The blow was too heavy, and Mr. Owen's mind gave way under it. Commenting upon the news, the New York *Tribune* says: "Mr. Robert Dale Owen's insanity, in consequence of the recent exposure of some spiritualistic phenomena which he had accepted, will be heard of with regret by a wide circle of friends and admirers, of whom very few have the least sympathy with spiritualism, or in general with spiritualists. Mr. Owen was a man of singular purity and sincerity of character. His intellectual integrity was as unquestionable as his literary skill, and his conversation was as fascinating as his writing. Few of his friends attached much importance to his judgment, and most of them gently laughed at the strange notions to which he devoted so much time during his later years."

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s. s. Hydaspes, Captain D. Reynoldson, will sail to-day for Southampton, *vid* the Suez Canal, with the English Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Mrs H G Keene, 2 infants and native female servant
Dr and Mrs N R Wall
Mr T Walts
Mr and Mrs J Borrie
Mrs Travis
Col Foord
Mr Robertson
Mrs Spurr, child and infant
Col Laugmore
Mr T H Rawlins
Mrs Taylor and 2 infants
Mr Leighton
Mr H H Peray
Mrs Leighton, infant, and E F Servant
Capt S W Jenner
Mrs Tellow and infants
Capt Baboy
Col F Alexander
Lt Col D W Williams
Lt R F Powell
Mr Power
Mr T Spencer,
Mr E Pilkington.

FOR BRINDISI.

Capt Horsford
Mr J G Craig Herklots
Mr C J Sheridan
Mr L G Mundy
Mr Alex. Smith
Lt-Col Depree
Mr Niven.

FOR VENICE.

Col H A Woodhouse
Lt Col and Mrs Campbell
Major Fyfe
Mrs S B Cary
Mr John Byrne.

FOR GIBRALTAR—Mr A G Mackenzie.

FOR ADEN.—Capt W T Morgan.

FANCY SCARVES, NECKTIES, BOWS AND CRAVATS in Silks and Satins, Silk Gauze and Cambric, made up and ready for folding, in every variety, constantly on hand, a very large assortment of the most fashionable styles at WATSON & COMPANY'S Church Gate Street and Rampart Row, Bombay.

BOMBAY.

RAINFALL IN THE FORT.—The fall of rain in the Fort yesterday up to about 4 P. M. was 1 inch and 10 cents.

STEALING SAREES.—Rama Peerajee, for having stolen a saree and some other things from Bbima, woman, was sent to jail yesterday by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee for six weeks.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A Dassawalla, or tom-tom beater, died suddenly while sitting on the Walkeshwur Road on Thursday last. An inquest having been held, the jury returned a verdict of death from heart disease.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.—Three Hindoos, described as brokers, were yesterday convicted before Mr. Nana Morojee, of having been disorderly and creating a disturbance on the Esplanade Cross Road, and were each fined Rs. 3.

UNLICENSED DRIVERS.—Dadabhoy Pallonjee was yesterday charged before Mr. Nana Morojee, with having driven a shigram for hire without first having obtained an attendant's license from the Commissioner of Police, and having pleaded guilty, was fined Rs. 2.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Dugroo Ramoo was yesterday found guilty, before Mr. Nana Morojee, of having stolen a pugree, two vests and Rs. 5 in cash, belonging to Nana Undoo, and was sentenced to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment.

SUICIDE.—Balla Bhana, aged 17, committed suicide on the 12th instant, by drowning himself in a well on the Naigaum Road. The deceased had long been subject to fits of insanity. The jury, who sat at the Coroner's inquest which was held on the body, returned a verdict of suicide.

SUNNEBESETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—Total attendance of patients treated in this dispensary during the last month was 2,574. Of these 753 were new admissions, consisting of 317 Hindoos, 293 Mussulmans, 119 Parsees, 22 Christians, and 2 of other castes. Average daily attendance being 83.03.

TORTURE.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee sentenced Gadia Bandoo, a bullock cart-driver, to pay a fine of four annas (!) for having wilfully tortured one of his bullocks.—For the same offence, Mr. Nana Morojee inflicted a fine of Rs. 8 on Ebram Hoossein. Both prisoners pleaded guilty.

THE VICTORINE.—As we anticipated in the para. recently published respecting this vessel, the three seamen who refused to perform their work were arrested under the authority of the French Consul, by the water police, who placed them before the presiding Magistrate yesterday. The charge having been heard, they were sent on board with a caution.

STEALING CHINTZ.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Cosajee Annundjee was charged before Mr. Nana Morojee, at the instance of Dosabhoy Cowasjee, with having stolen a piece of chintz belonging to Messrs. Graham and Co., from a godown on the Sassoon's Bunder. The charge having been proved, the prisoner was sent to jail for two months.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION.—Narayen Crushna was yesterday charged, in company with another man, with having been found in possession of five cocoanuts, of which he could give no satisfactory account. Mr. Nana Morojee, before whom they were charged, dismissed the second prisoner, and fined the man above-named Rs. 10, with the option of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

MR. D'ARCY READ'S COMPANY.—This company appear again to night, in another new programme, consisting of "A Kiss in the Dark," "Out for the Day," and Mr. Buckstone's drama of "Good for Nothing." Special tram-cars will leave Colaba every fifteen minutes up to nine o'clock, and will be in waiting at the J. J. Hospital at the termination of the performance.

PROGRAMME OF MUSIC to be played (weather permitting) by H. M.'s 20th Regiment Bombay N I., on the General Parade Ground, near the Cricket tent, at 5-30 p.m., to-day:—

Quadrille	Flotte Bursche	Suppe.
Overture	Precious	Weber.
Valse	Erlahlinge's Stimme	Gung'l.
Fantasia	Evening about Town	Barquit.
Galop	Charlotten	Bergee.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

INTERRUPTION OF TRAFFIC ON THE BHORE GHAUT.—We have to draw the attention of railway travellers and others to an important notice, given in our advertising columns, regarding the arrangements rendered necessary by landslips on the Bhore Ghaut. Passengers to and from Poona will have to walk across the break caused by the slips; but the Railway Company promise to give every assistance in rendering the transit as little inconvenient as possible.

THE PARTY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE, GUNNESH KHIND.—The party at Government House on Wednesday evening was a very pleasant one. The weather was very favourable and this fact added to the pleasure of the evening. Mrs Wodehouse, wife of His Excellency's recent Private Secretary, is at present on a visit to His Excellency the Governor, and the presence of a lady is always felt to be a happy circumstance by the visitors at Government House. Colonel Earle, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor General of India, is also a guest at Gunnesh Khind.—*Deccan Herald*, August 13.

THE SOLDIERS' INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION AT POONA.—The Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition will be opened in the Assembly Rooms on Friday, the 17th September. Most of the articles are for sale and may be purchased by visitors to the Exhibition, but nothing can be taken away until the close of the Exhibition. The articles sold are the work of the soldiers and their families, so that by purchasing them the buyers have an opportunity of promoting the formation of industrious and thrifty habits by the soldiers, their wives and children. Those who are interested in this good work should lay by something to spend in purchasing the Soldiers' Exhibition. The Exhibition is to open at 4 P. M. on the 17th instant; and tickets, price one rupee each, may be had at Messrs. Treacher & Co.'s establishment, at Messrs. Ludha Ebram & Co. and at the doors, for cash.—*Id.*

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF POONA.—The meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association on Wednesday evening was a very interesting one. The Mission Church was quite filled—not a vacant seat left—and almost entirely by young men. We have never seen so many young men assembled together in Poona before; and it must have been a pleasing sight to the President and Committee of the Association to see such large reinforcements ready to join the band of Christian young men who are engaged in the earnest work of doing good to their fellow young men. It was grand to hear the strong voices pealing forth the well known hymn "Hold the Fort," with its appropriate reference to the "reinforcements now appearing." Henry Gonder, Esq., presided by the vote of the meeting, as proposed by the Rev. Mr. Beaumont. Dr. Macdonald, the Secretary of the Bombay Association, explained the rules in a very lucid and effective speech which was listened to with great attention. The meeting was addressed by the Rev. Mr. Beaumont, Major MacCausland, Captain Jacob, Captain Simpson, Dr. Fraser, Rev. D. G. Fox, Rev. Hormusjee Pestonjee, Rev. Dhunjibhai Nowrojee, E. Aitkin, Esq, &c.—*Id.*

ARRIVAL OF THE ARMENIAN ARCHBISHOP.—His Grace the Right Revd. Gregorie, Armenian Archbishop of Persia and India, arrived in Calcutta on Monday morning. He is on a tour of inspection, and is accompanied by the Revd. Dr Issac. He was met at the Hughli station by the Revd. Ter Nicholas A. Elias, Vicar of the Armenian Church of Calcutta, the Rev. Ter G. M. Gregory, Vicar of the Armenian Church at Chinsurah, and the Revd. Ter Devonivos Ter Eleazer, and several of the lay community of the Armenian Church, who accompanied him to Howrah, where he was received by the Revd. Ter Carapiet and Revd. Ter Barsick and a large gathering of the Armenian community. He was taken to the Armenian Church, where he now resides. It is said that he had expressly requested that no separate building should be engaged for him. He will remain in Calcutta for about a month and then proceed on his tour of inspection to other parts of India, Burmah, China, Singapoor, and Batavia. —*Englishman.*

THE CUSTOM OF DHOLLERA—IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS.

A BLASCHECK V. BHUGGOBHOY PREMCHUND AND ANOTHER.

An appeal in the above case was finally heard yesterday before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Bayley, the hearing of it having occupied the Appeal Court four days and the lower court ten days. It was an appeal from a decree given by Mr. Justice Marriott on the 15th October 1874 in favour of the plaintiff, Mr Blascheck, for Rs. 4,822, with interest and costs. Mr. Mr. Lang and Inversarity, instructed by Messrs. Rimington, Hore, and Langley, appeared for the appellants and defendants; and the Hon. Mr. Scoble, with Mr. Budroodin Tyabjee, instructed by Messrs. Chalk and Turner, for the plaintiff and respondent.

The facts of the case are shortly these. On the 10th May 1870, the plaintiff, a merchant of Bombay, through Drennan and Co., his agents at Dhollera, made with defendants, merchants and shroffs trading at Dhollera, Ahmedabad, and Bombay, a Gujeratee policy of insurance and caused himself to be assured, according to the usage of Dhollera, in respect of 41 bales of cotton to be carried by the vessel Jadow Parsad from Dhollera to Bombay. In consideration of a certain premium paid by the plaintiff, the defendants became insurers to the plaintiff of Rs. 12,300, or Rs. 300 per bale, on the 41 bales, and subscribed the policy of insurance on account of the plaintiff through his agents, Drennan and Co. The cotton was put on board the prow, but about the commencement of the voyage 21 of the bales were wholly lost. The plaintiff thereupon claimed Rs. 6,300, the insured value of the 21 lost bales. He was unavoidably prevented by various causes from bringing the suit for a long time.

On the other hand, one of the defendants, who filed a written statement in the case, while admitting that he executed the policy of insurance, averred that he was in no way liable under it to the plaintiff, with whom he had no communication whatsoever in regard to the policy either before or at the time of its execution, and of whose alleged interests in the cotton under the policy he had no notice or knowledge until shortly before the institution of this suit. Before receiving notice of the plaintiff's alleged interest in the cotton, defendants had disposed of their liability under it in their account with Drennan and Co., named in the policy, who also had paid the premium, and whom alone they deemed to be interested in the cotton insured with them.

Before the case came on for hearing, Mr. F. Blodwell, manager of the Dhollera branch of the Bank of Bombay, and formerly in the employ of Messrs. Whittle and Co., agents at Dhollera, was examined *de bene esse* on the part of the plaintiff; and he said he knew nothing about the non-transferability of policies. They passed from hand to hand and were treated by merchants and bankers as good securities. The trial took place before Mr. Justice Marriott in July 1874, and lasted ten or twelve days. The following issues were then raised:—Whether the plaintiff caused himself to be insured with the defendants as in the plaint alleged? 2. Whether the plaintiff's policy was entered into by Drennan and Co. as agents for and on account of the plaintiff? 3 Whether the plaintiff was interested in the goods in the policy mentioned as in the plaint alleged? 4. Whether the first defendant had adjusted the loss under the policy with Drennan and Co., as in the written statement alleged? 5. Whether at the time of such adjustment, the first defendant had notice of the alleged interest of the plaintiff in the said goods? 6. Whether the plaintiff was entitled to sue upon the policy in the plaint mentioned? 7. Whether there had been a loss of the goods insured within the meaning of the policy? 8. Whether the plaintiff was entitled to recover the amount claimed or any part thereof? Mr. Lang, defendants' counsel, was challenged by the Advocate General to raise an issue upon the custom of Dhollera, but declined to do so or to say anything about it. The examination *de bene esse* of Mr. R. Beadle, agent of Drennan and Co. at Dhollera, was put in. Mr. Beadle, now the Dhollera agent of Messrs. Gaddum and Co., was in Bombay at the date of the hearing and was examined orally. He said Drennan and Co. were only cotton agents, and referred to plaintiff's marks on the bales to show that the defendants must have known it was plaintiff's cotton. He never received any cash for the policy. Drennan and Co. were in difficulties and defendants supplied them with money to purchase cotton on orders received from Bombay, and then they drew upon Bombay in favour of defendants' firm with a bill of exchange. Mr. Beadle admitted there were two classes of custom at Dhollera regarding policies. A "Gaum Dustooree" policy is generally written in a book kept by the shipper; and Mr. Beadle was doubtful whether the policy sued upon was "Gaum Dustooree," as it was stamped and on separate paper. The Punchayet settled the claim in this case at Rs. 4,822, which were paid by defendants in account with Drennan and Co. Mr. Beadle wrote his signature to the account in Gujeratee, because the defendants' moonim told him it was right. Several witnesses were examined in the case, and after Mr. Lang had commenced his address to the court for the defendants, plaintiff was further examined as to the letter of guarantee, drafts, bills of lading, and policies which he had found subsequently to the close of his case. He said he had told defendants' moonim in Bombay that his arrangement with Drennan and Co. was that he was to receive documents against drafts. Evidence, taken at Ahmedabad under commission, was also put in. Witnesses were also called for the defendants' case. Mr. Scoble was heard in reply. The lower court (Mr. Justice Marriott) allowed the plaint to be amended by alleging that the policy was assigned by Drennan and Co. to the plaintiff and by making other amendments necessary in consequence of this former; and passed a judgment for plaintiff for Rs. 6,695, with interest and costs.

It was from that decision that the defendants appealed on the grounds, among others, that the learned judge was in error in holding that the defendants had stopped themselves from denying that the policy of insurance was transferable; or that they had assigned the policy to the plaintiff; or that the plaint might be amended by alleging that the policy was assigned by Drennan and Co. to the plaintiff, &c.,; or that the defendants had not settled and adjusted the loss accruing on the policy; or that the defendants had notice, at the time of the adjustment, of the plaintiff's interest in the cotton; or that the appeal was heard on the 30th July last and the 6th, 7th, and 13th inst.

Yesterday, on the sitting of the Appeal Court, Mr. M. Mowat (of Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart and Co.) was recalled by desire of the court, and in answer to the Chief Justice, stated, among other things:—I recollect the circumstances of this suit. There was no member of our firm in Dhollera. We received some policies from Drennan and Co., and some from the firm of Co. We received none direct from the native underwriters as underwriters. The policy was generally attached to the drafts: we know not the underwriters in the transaction at all. In all cases the documents came along with the drafts. By documents I mean bill of lading and policy of insurance. The draft at Dhollera required these as his security that the draft would be paid. By shroff I mean the man who financed, who advanced the money for the purchase. I can swear with positive certainty that the two policies "according to the custom of Dhollera," signed by the defendants, and produced by me at the hearing, were presented to me with the draft.

To Mr. Lang—hitchie, Steuart and Co. have done a large business in cotton of late years, say an average of 50,000 bales a year. We get a great many policies every year. (Is shown certain policies in the case.) This one is endorsed by a clerk in the office. There is nothing on this by which I can indentify it. I don't recollect these two policies.

To the Court.—On bills of lading my signature would always occur; but it would not be necessary to initial a policy as it is a document to be used only in case of loss. We had confidence in our agents that they would send us proper documents. Since I heard of this case, Ritchie, Steuart and Co. refused to take policies "according to the custom of Dhollera." I heard of this case in the spring of last year.

Mr. Lang was heard in reply at some length. The first point was as to whether this policy was handed by defendants to the plaintiff. Mr. Mowat was mistaken in saying those policies were handed to him. It was extremely unlikely that Drennan and Co. would hand the policy to the underwriter. There was no provision in the agreement between defendants and Drennan and Co., that the policy should be attached to the other documents; and the letter of guarantee showed that no document was attached on that occasion. The testimony of the witness Beadle was in contention that the defendants had nothing to do with handing the policies to plaintiff. The *onus* was on the plaintiff in this respect. The case was one of vendor and purchaser, and if Mr. Blascheck took the policy, he took it subject to all the equities affecting Drennan and Co.

The Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said—We don't think it is necessary to hear you any further, Mr. Lang. The defendant in this case supplied funds for the purchase of cotton for Drennan and Co., but he had no ownership; and he also underwrote "according to the custom of Dhollera." We consider Drennan and Co. to be vend

THE SUBJECTIVE DIFFICULTIES OF AN IMPOSTOR.

(*The Spectator.*)

The Secretary of the Charity Organisation Committee has published this week an instructive chapter from the "Confessions" of shabby Rascaldom, in the shape of a letter from an inmate of Sherborne Workhouse, who has now reached the age of sixty-three, and who appears to have made his living as a mendicant during the greater part of his life. The Poor-law Report on vagrancy, issued in 1848, mentions fourteen convictions registered against this single person within "seventeen years; and the man himself admits that he has been in gaol more than a hundred times. Indeed, it is a great proof that the various kinds and sorts of crime depend much more upon the various types of evil in human passion and character than on the external facilities for committing crimes with profit and impunity, that the whole world of rascaldom does not confine itself to this borderland of fraud and imposture, were there are no very terrible penalties to be dreaded, and yet very considerable profits to be reaped,—instead of launching into the more dangerous regions of theft, robbery, and murder. Practically, however, it is clear enough that what may be called the temperate zone of crime is not fuller than it is, only because there are comparatively so few people whose character fits them for it without either dragging them on into much greater excesses, or at least, as in this case, betraying them into revelations of their true selves which suddenly interrupt their successes. To be a successful scoundrel in the temperate climate of crime, you must cordially prefer "small gains and quick returns;" but then the temperament which prefers small gains and quick returns is also, as a rule the temperament which cannot endure to be always breaking new ground and starting afresh in life, as it were. Now, this is just what the impostor must do. Of course, no man can live upon fraud without a perpetual change of his sphere of uselessness, and men who have a real belief in the wisdom of the principle of small risks, small profits, and quick returns, are not fit for a constant resort to new expedients and new plans. Of course, a prudent temperament implies in itself no goodness. But it does imply a number of habits of mind and impulses which are inconsistent with the habits of rascaldom. These confessions of G. A. Brine which have been going the round of the papers show this. It would not appear from them that the man ever had the desire for really dangerous crime of any sort. His instincts led him to prey on the moral weaknesses of society, especially its impulsive and reckless compassion, rather than on its physical weaknesses. As far at least as his confessions go, it does not seem that he was ever tempted even, like Noah Claypole, to try the "kinchin lay,"—*i.e.*, the comparatively safe thieving which consists in snatching the halfpence out of the hands of small children sent by their mothers on errands for trivial purchases. Apparently Mr. Brine robbed society entirely and exclusively by its own good-will,—not, of course, that it knew it was being robbed, but that what it gave it gave spontaneously to him, though under a completely false impression as to his claims and antecedents. No line of imposture could be conceived more 'safe' than this. When detected, it led only to short imprisonments, and when undetected, it led frequently to considerable profits. But in spite of this, Mr. Brine's difficulties were considerably greater than we should be apt to suppose. It was not the acumen of the public which he had chiefly to contend with. It was hardly on that part of the public which possesses, or at least uses, acumen in these matters, that he attempted to operate. And there seem to be quite enough persons who either have no acumen, or will not use it for the detection of imposture, to furnish a living to persons possessing Mr. Brine's moderate amount of cunning, and rather large amount of prudence. The chief difficulties which Mr. Brine's confessions reveal to us were purely subjective. He could not refrain his soul and keep it low when he was succeeding. The elation of his own spirits was too much for him. He seems to have invested his earnings somewhat hastily in stimulant,—which was dangerous in itself, as the public rarely feels compassion for people who smell strongly of rum, and still more dangerous in its consequences, as it no doubt led to those hasty acts of exultation through which one at least of his best-laid schemes suffered shipwreck. At the time of this failure, he and the woman who was living with him were acting the part of rheumatic patients who were bathing in the water of St. Winifred's Well, at Holywell, near Rhyl, for the benefit of their pretended rheumatism:—

"After maturing our plans, the next day we started to Holywell, where we took a small furnished room upstairs in a back room at a cobblers for 3s. a week. We told them we were come from the West of England for the benefit of the celebrated waters, as we were both suffering from rheumatic pains, and had been advised to try whether the spring would do us any good. So having paid a week's rent in advance, the next day we commenced operations. We soon found out the names and residences of the most benevolent persons, and succeeded beyond our expectations. The following morning we bathed at the spring. A man is kept there to attend males, and a female attends females. I went there, supported on two sticks, but I subsequently got a crutch. I pretended to be much worse than my wife. She was afflicted in the arms, I in the legs. We continued this game for a few days, and then ladies came to see us at our lodgings, and never leaving without a donation. Some days we got as much as 10s. a day, besides wine, porter, mutton, cakes, &c., and books to read. I carried on this game for five week, living on the fat of the land, till one unfortunate day I sent my wife for a half-pint of rum, which so exhilarated us that we got another; after which I insisted on having a dance together in the room, which through our operations and jumps brought down part of the plaster of the ceiling underneath us, on the table where the cobbler and his wife were at tea. It was an old, rickety house, and the man told me afterwards that, hearing the rumpus overhead, he and his wife had gone upstairs and seen us dancing together for a quarter of an hour before the ceiling fell. When I got downstairs I found the room half full of the neighbours, to whom the cobbler and his wife had given the intelligence about the dancing cripples. This, together with the row about the damaged ceiling (it was a large piece of plaster; I should think it was 16 or 20 feet in circumference) made me resolve to "hook it" at once, for the news had spread like wild fire."

While reading that, one can hardly help recalling the tale in "Grimm's German Popular Stories" of that other cobbler and his wife who likewise watched through a keyhole a dance of certain benevolent elves caused by their delight at the raiment provided for them by the gratitude of the good host and hostess, for in Mr. Brine's case, too, the delight of the dancers over the unexpected and (in this case) undeserved kindness of human beings had something of the whimsical and tricksy character of elves about it, though the human elves owed their tricksiness in large degree to the influence of rum, which the fairy elves certainly did not. Nothing could show better than this confession how difficult it is to be true enough to its character of a mere impostor for the purposes even of temporary gain itself. The capacity for self-denial which would have kept the pretended cripple from his favourite rum, would almost certainly have rendered him quite capable of the labour of honest work, and even disinclined to get his livelihood by any other. No doubt, it was the same love of ease and self-indulgence which led him to prefer imposture to work, which also rendered it impossible for him to succeed as an impostor without breaking out into some tell-tale freak. On another occasion, when he had been trying at Sunderland the trick of hiring girls to personate his children, on whom he pinned the touchingly pathetic appeal, "Mother is dead," and apparently succeeding very well,—thirty shillings, taken in four or five hours, was, he tells us, his rate of gain by this simple manœuvre in other instances,—he allowed himself to slap the elder girl for some indiscretion,—no doubt again under the elation of his favourite beverage,—whereupon she spoiled his plans altogether by bursting out into invective on his roguery, and revealing to the bystanders what he really was. It was evidently hatred of work and love of pleasure which led Mr. Brine,—not a man of enterprise, we should say,—into the line of small and comparatively safe frauds; and it was the same disposition which interrupted him even in the full tide of a partial success, and which obliged him to vary, oftener than he otherwise need have done, expedients for cheating which were of themselves necessarily short-lived. He was not able to go on with a profitable trickery even till his victims found him out; the very temper which made him prefer trickery to an honest livelihood, made him expose himself before his time.

There is some comfort in realising that even in the least dangerous and exciting of all the criminal vocations, —imposture,—it seems almost impossible to plod away at that vocation so as to make it remunerative. Ordinarily we are told that if criminals do not repent, they plunge deeper and deeper into crime. It does not seem to be always so, or to have been so in Mr. Brine's case. He never improved; apparently, and probably, too, he never rushed into robbery, or even common theft. He kept to the safe line of treating fools according to their folly for his own advantage, and yet, even so, he got into gaol a hundred times in his career of (say) forty years or so,—that is, more than twice a year. No doubt getting into gaol for such offences was no great punishment, and he soon out again. But still nothing can show better how difficult it is, even for a man who sedulously confines himself within the temperate zone of crime, not to betray himself. The man who had really enough self-command for the trade, would either detest it for its own sake, or, if he were rascal enough for it, would be so much more tenacious of success than Mr. Brine that he would plunge deeper and deeper into the risks of crime. It is only the man who positively prefers "short swallow-flights" of fraud to more serious ventures, who can keep within the line of lightly-punished frauds; and he is too easy-going in his nature to be true to himself. He wants to enjoy himself too soon, and so fails as a rascal as completely as he has failed as an honest man.

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MR. BRIGHT ON THE TICHBORNE TRIAL.

In reply to a Sheffield correspondent who had written to Mr. Bright asking him to support Mr. Whalley in his endeavours to obtain a free pardon or protection for a man in New Zealand who claims to be Arthur Orton, the right hon. gentleman has sent the following letter:—"139, Piccadilly, London, July 15.—Sir,—You may rely upon it that Arthur Orton will not come from New Zealand. During the trials £1,000 was offered for him, and nobody could produce him. It was a large bribe, and I only wonder it did not bring over a score of Ortons. Arthur Orton is in Dartmoor, and nobody, I suspect, knows this better than some of those who are pretending to expect him from New Zealand. I have read all the evidence and all the speeches of both trials, and the summing up of the Lord Chief Justice. This last I have read again during last month and I have read more than once the evidence before the Chili Commission. I know, therefore, as much about the matter as you can know, and much more than is known by nine out of ten of those who are clamouring for the release of the convict at Dartmoor. I have before me now the handwriting of the real Roger Tichborne, of the real Arthur Orton, and of the convict, and this alone is sufficient to convince any man of common sense and observation what is the truth in the case. If you could see this handwriting, and if you could examine the evidence of the Chili Commission, the evidence of the convict's own friends, to whom he referred for proof that he was what he pretended to be, you could hardly fail to be convinced that your belief in the convict is wrong and your sympathy with him wholly misplaced. I mention these two points as conclusive against him. There are many other points in the evidence on the two trials which are fatal to his claims. He seemed to know the names of two dogs but he did not know the name of his own mother. Mr. Turville, in Australia, asks him a test question, whether his mother was stout or thin. He said, "Stout—a tall, large woman." It is not denied that Lady Tichborne was leanness itself. Miss Nangle said she was more like a skeleton than anything else, and this was not contradicted by any one. If you can believe in a man who did not know his own mother's name, and who stated that his mother, who is admitted to have been leanness itself, was "stout—a tall, large woman," when he first came forward in Australia, and when he had no opportunity of picking up information and facts to support his case, I fear you are of that credulous nature that it may be useless to reason with you. I can take no part in the proceedings of Mr. Whalley and his friends. To me the convict at Dartmoor is the greatest criminal of our time. His crime has extended over many years. It is most base in character, and includes in it almost every crime for which evil men are brought to punishment. You are much impressed. I dare say, by the declarations of those who traverse the country creating agitation on this question. I must ask to be permitted to value my own judgement at least as highly as that of these persons. One of them is believed to have invested money largely in the case, and pecuniary interest is not favourable to an impartial decision; another suffers from a complaint with I call "Jesuit on the brain," and this seems grievously to distort almost everything he looks at; and the third is the lawyer who failed, after a trial which lasted 188 days, to convince three judges and twelve jurymen, or any one of the judges, or of the jurymen, that his client was anything but an imposter and most odious from his character and his crimes. I shall be glad if you, and such as believe with you, will not ask me to correspond further on a question about which only honest men who are in entire ignorance of the facts can, in my view, differ in opinion.—I am respectfully yours, John Bright.—Mr. Mark Harrison, 1, Elliot-road, Sheffield."

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Ceylon (Colombo) "Ceylon Observer" Office.
Egutpoora.....Railway Refreshment Rooms.
Kurrachee.....Sindian" Press.
London.....G. Street, 30, Cornhill.
Madras.....Higginbotham & Co., "Madras Times," and "Madras Mail" Offices.
Matheran.....Chowk Hotel and Alexandra Hotel.
Gotacamund.....Observer" Office.
Poona.....Treacher & Co.; D. S. Kemp & Co.; and Royal Family Hote

NOTICES.
ESTABLISHED IN 1832.
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA,
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE
BLOOD.
The quickest and most certain cure for
SCROFULA,
RHEUMATISM,
FOUL ERUPTIONS,
OLD SORES, and ULCERS.
All kinds of diseases or sores arising from impure blood and humors.
IT NEVER FAILS
In effecting a complete cure, if used a sufficient length of time
BRISTOL'S SUGAR COATED
PILLS.
GUARANTEED PURELY VEGETABLE.
Are the only Pills which contain
LEPTANDRIN AND PODOPHYLLIN.
These two powerful antibilious plants are a sure cure for all diseases of the STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, PAIN IN THE SIDE OR BACK, and especially BILIOUSNESS.
They never weaken nor gripe, unless the stomach is very foul and they are
EASY TO TAKE.
IMPERISHABLE FRAGRANCE,
MURRAY AND LANMAN'S
CELEBRATED
FLORIDA WATER,
THE RICHEST, MOST LASTING, YET MOST DELICATE OF ALL PERFUMES, FOR USE ON THE
HANDKERCHIEF,
At the TOILET,
And in the BATH.
As there are imitations and counterfeits, always ask for the Florida Water, prepared by the Sole Proprietors.
LANMAN AND KEMP,
NEW YORK.
General Agents—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co., Bombay, Messrs. Whitney Brothers & Co., Calcutta.
Sub-Agents—BHAIMEA and HIPTOOLA, Nos. 17 and 29 near Jumma Musjid, Bombay.
COPPER-PLATE PRINTING
ENGRAVING, &c.
VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order, at a moderate prices.
Specimens may be seen at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.
BONUS YEAR 1875.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER AND SPECIAL ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
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THE RIGHT HON. LORD LAWRENCE, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., *Chairman.*
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS.
LIFE RESERVE FUND—£2,682,513: 7: 6
SPECIAL NOTICE.
IMPORTANT REDUCTION OF THE RATES
FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE IN INDIA, CHINA, CEYLON, &c.
THE Directors of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company have, in consequence of the improved rate of Mortality in India, as shown by the statistics of recent years, revised the Special Tables of Premiums introduced by them twelve years ago. The result of this revision has satisfied the Directors that they are warranted in making a reduction in their existing Rates for the Assurance of the lives of residents in India, &c., both Civil and Military.
EXAMPLES.
NEW TABLE of RATES for CIVILIANS, payable during the whole term of Life, for an Assurance of Rs. 1,000, payable at Death.
WITHOUT PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Yearly.	Half-yearly.	Quarterly.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
20	25 6 0	13 0 0	6 10 8
21	25 15 0	13 3 0	6 12 0
22	26 0 0	13 6 0	6 13 4
23	26 6 0	13 8 0	6 15 0
24	26 12 0	13 11 0	7 0 8
25	27 2 0	13 15 0	7 2 0
26	27 9 0	14 2 0	7 3 8
27	28 7 0	14 6 0	7 5 8
28	28 7 0	14 9 0	7 7 8
29	28 15 0	14 14 0	7 9 8
30	29 7 0	15 2 0	7 12 0
31	30 1 0	15 7 0	7 14 4
32	30 10 0	15 11 0	8 0 8
33	31 3 0	16 0 0	8 3 4
34	31 13 0	16 5 0	8 5 8
35	32 7 0	16 10 0	8 8 4

Similar REDUCTIONS WILL BE MADE ON MILITARY RISKS.
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RATES OF DIFFERENT OFFICES.
For Civilians, payable during the whole term of Life for an Assurance of Rs. 1,000 payable at Death.
Without Profits.

YEARLY AT AGE 20.	Rs.	a.	p
The new rates of the N. B. & M. Insurance Company	25	6	0
The old rates do do	30	12	0
The Standard	31	8	0
The Universal	29	0	0
The Commercial	34	0	0
The London and Lancashire	33	8	0
The Glasgow	31	8	0
The Church of England	30	0	0
The Royal	30	0	0
The Alliance	31	10	0

INDIAN BRANCH:
CENTRAL OFFICE: 1, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA
LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS
F. S. COLLIS, Esq., Administrator-General.
R. A. LYALL, Esq. (Lyall, Finnie & Co.), Merchant.
Capt. H. P. LOVELL, Superintendent P. & O. S. N. E. T. ROBERTS, Esq., Solicitor.
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BOMBAY.
AGENTS:—W. NICOL & Co.
CAUTION
TO
BUYERS
AND
CONSUMERS
OF
OIL.
THE EXTENSIVE REPUTATION OF OUR OIL HAVING LED OTHERS TO IMITATE OUR BRANDS AND COPY THE GENERAL STYLE OF OUR PACKAGES IN BRANDING AND PACKING INFERIOR GOODS, WE WOULD CAUTION THE PURCHASERS AND CONSUMERS OF OIL AGAINST SUCH IMITATIONS, AND RECOMMEND THEM TO BE SURE AND SEE THAT THE WORDS
"DEVOE'S BRILLIANT"
ARE STENCILLED ON THE CASES AND STAMPED OF THE HIGH *Screw Tops.* NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT OUR STAMP ON THE SCREW TOP.
The Devoe Manufacturing Company,
127, Pearl and 80 Beaver Streets,
NEW YORK.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
THE PATENT
VERMIN ASPHYXIATOR,
DISINFECTOR, VAPORIZOR,
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UNIVERSAL FUMIGATOR.
FOR DESTROYING RATS, SNAKES, INSECTS, &c., &c.
FOR DISINFECTING HOSPITALS, VESSELS, DRAINS, ROOMS, BEDDING CLOTHES.
For PREVENTING CATTLE PLAGUE, PLEURO-PNEUMONIA, FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASES, &c.
For VAPORIZING—CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS.
For FUMIGATING—VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS, &c.
PRICE—Rs. 40.
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JOHN WATTS & Co., 6, Broad Weir, Bristol.
AGENT IN BOMBAY:
THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
A pamphlet giving a full description of the Machine can be had on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.
SIX OF THESE USEFUL MACHINES HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FOR USE IN CALCUTTA.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK MERCER, &c.,
JUST RECEIVED per P. & O. Steamer CATHAY, a nice assortment of LADIES' DRESS BONNETS, LADIES' HATS, trimmed and untrimmed, LADIES' FELT HATS, trimmed, SILKS, SATINS, RIBBONS, &c.
EAST STREET, POONA.
OPPOSITE NAPIER HOTEL,
AND
Uxbridge House, 7, Church Gate Street,
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ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
NEW PLAN.—The difference of Premium between this and ALL the other Life Assurance Companies in India is from 19 per cent. to 103 per cent. in Favour